# Sinyi Realty Inc.

Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 and Independent Auditors' Report

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Sinyi Realty Inc.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Sinyi Realty Inc. (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matters of Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 are stated as follows:

#### Valuation of Inventories - Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method

As stated in Note 12 to the accompanying financial statements, as of December 31, 2024, the carrying amount of the investments in Sinyi International Limited ("Sinyi International") and Sinyi Development, which were accounted for using the equity method, was NT\$10,788,022 thousand and NT\$1,807,384 thousand, representing 35% and 6% of the Company's assets, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the share of comprehensive income (loss) of the investments in Sinyi International and Sinyi Development, which were accounted for using the equity method was NT\$242,438 thousand and NT\$(110,689) thousand, representing 9% and (4%) of the Company's total comprehensive income, respectively. Therefore, the financial position and performance of Sinyi International and Sinyi Development would have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

As of December 31, 2024, the total carrying amount of inventories of Sinyi International, Sinyi International's subsidiaries, and Sinyi Development were NT\$7,877,191 thousand. Due to changes in the overall economic environment and related business regulations, the Company had to take into consideration reasonable estimates of the future selling price and additional costs as well as changes in the economy, when assessing during the assessment of the net realizable value of inventories, to determine whether the valuation of inventories is appropriate. Since the carrying amount of inventory was considered significant to the financial statements and the valuation of the net realizable value of inventories is subject to management's significant judgment, the valuation of inventory has been identified as a key audit matter.

We focused on the valuation of inventories at the balance sheet date. We selected samples from the inventory balance, assessed and tested the net realizable value of inventories estimated by the management as well as the reasonableness of the key parameters used in the valuation. The procedures included but were not limited to the following: We inspected the latest actual transaction price or market transaction price of similar real estate, and determined that the net realizable value of inventories was not lower than the carrying amount through recalculations. We verified the accuracy of the valuation of inventories by inspecting the selected samples and re-performed the calculation procedures.

Refer to Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements for the accounting policies related to the valuation of inventories of Sinyi International, Sinyi International's subsidiaries, and Sinyi Development, Note 5 for the description of material accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty, and Note 10 for the related presentation and disclosures.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain a reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Pan-Fa Wang and Chin-Chuuan Shih.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

February 26, 2025

# Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

# BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2024		2023			
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%		
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 1,564,215	5	\$ 2,499,435	9		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current (Notes 4 and 8)	135,638	1	127,300	-		
Notes receivable (Notes 4 and 9)	62,735	-	84,771	-		
Trade receivables (Notes 4 and 9) Trade receivables from related parties (Notes 4 and 30)	939,722	3	924,731	3		
Finance lease receivables - current (Notes 4, 10 and 30)	91,590 617	-	156,817	1		
Other receivables (Notes 4 and 9)	27,355	_	26,821	_		
Other receivables from related parties (Notes 4 and 30)	868,832	3	466,916	2		
Current tax assets (Notes 4 and 25)	-	-	5,052	-		
Other financial assets (Notes 11 and 31)	1,094,152	4	97,032	-		
Other current assets (Note 17)	50,767		21,243			
Total current assets	4,835,623	<u>16</u>	4,410,118	<u>15</u>		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4 and 7)	6,071	-	4,614	-		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current (Notes 4 and 8)	82,991	-	101,216	-		
Investments accounted for using the equity method (Notes 4 and 12)	17,106,322	56	16,291,121	56		
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 13 and 31)	3,360,648	11	3,320,073	11		
Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 14)	2,965,584	10	2,820,962	10		
Investment properties (Notes 4, 15 and 31) Intangible assets (Notes 4 and 16)	2,051,224 20,447	7	2,096,776 37,478	7		
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 25)	52,162	-	105,433	_		
Finance lease receivables - non-current (Notes 4, 10 and 30)	1,392	- -	103,433	_		
Refundable deposits	104,601	_	106,053	1		
Net defined benefit asset - non-current (Notes 4 and 21)	97,188	-	17,952	_		
Other non-current assets (Note 17)	9,630		9,093			
Total non-current assets	25,858,260	84	24,910,771	<u>85</u>		
TOTAL	<u>\$ 30,693,883</u>	<u>100</u>	\$ 29,320,889	<u>100</u>		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Short-term borrowings (Note 18)	\$ 498,619	2	\$ 1,398,621	5		
Notes payable	-	-	10	-		
Other payables (Note 20)	2,683,479	9	3,054,544	10		
Other payables to related parties (Note 30)	2,671,868	9	2,546,496	9		
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 25) Lease liability - current (Notes 4 and 14)	234,902 433,699	1	408,137 438,892	1		
Current portion of long-term borrowings and bonds payable (Note 18)	1,000,000	3	149,911	1		
Other current liabilities (Note 20)	161,591	<del>_</del>	198,263	1		
Total current liabilities	7,684,158	<u>25</u>	8,194,874	28		
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Bonds payable (Note 19)	900,000	3	900,000	3		
Long-term borrowings (Note 18)	4,700,000	15	4,699,803	16		
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 25)	48,837	-	33,628	-		
Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 14)	2,615,606	9	2,446,682	9		
Guarantee deposits received Other non-current liabilities (Note 20)	26,632	- 2	25,440 612,257	-		
Other non-current naomities (Note 20)	888,309	3	612,257	2		
Total non-current liabilities	9,179,384	<u>30</u>	8,717,810	30		
Total liabilities	16,863,542	<u>55</u>	16,912,684	58		
EQUITY (Note 22)						
Ordinary shares	7,368,465	24	7,368,465	<u>25</u>		
Capital surplus	63,790		63,790			
Retained earnings	2.072.200	10	2 00 < 02 5	10		
Legal reserve	3,073,308 1,246,293	10	2,896,935 955,999	10 3		
Special reserve Unappropriated earnings	2,568,760	4 9	2,369,309	<u>8</u>		
Total retained earnings	6,888,361	23	6,222,243	$\frac{-8}{21}$		
Other equity		·				
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	(615,700)	(2)	(1,313,072)	(4)		
Unrealized gain on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	125,425		66,779			
Total other equity	(490,275)	<u>(2</u> )	(1,246,293)	(4)		
Total equity	13,830,341	<u>45</u>	12,408,205	42		
TOTAL	\$ 30,693,883	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 29,320,889</u>	<u>100</u>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2024		2023	
•	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE Service revenue (Notes 4, 23 and 30)	\$ 11,385,912	100	\$ 10,551,141	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 21, 24 and 30)	8,135,023	<u>71</u>	7,764,505	<u>74</u>
GROSS PROFIT	3,250,889	<u>29</u>	2,786,636	<u>26</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 21, 24 and 30) General and administrative expense Expected credit loss (gain) (Note 9)	1,325,385 246	12	1,111,425 (222)	10
Total operating expenses	1,325,631	<u>12</u>	1,111,203	<u>10</u>
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	1,925,258	<u>17</u>	1,675,433	<u>16</u>
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES Interest income (Notes 24 and 30) Other income (Notes 24 and 30) Other gains and loss (Notes 15, 24 and 30) Finance costs (Notes 24 and 30) Share of profit or loss of subsidiaries and associates (Notes 4 and 12)	60,994 107,697 184,126 (163,707) 141,104	1 2 (1)	16,974 103,120 51,935 (158,325) 456,158	1 - (1) <u>4</u>
Total non-operating income and expenses	330,214	3	469,862	4
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS  INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 25)	2,255,472 (471,082)	20 (4)	2,145,295 (384,315)	20 (3)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	1,784,390	<u>16</u>	1,760,980	<u>17</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (Note 21)  Unrealized gain on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	63,996 10,688	1	3,716 19,554 (Cor	- ntinued)

# STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

		2024		2023			
	A	mount	%		Amount	%	
Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using							
the equity method Income tax expense relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	\$	57,195	-	\$	5,519	-	
(Note 25) Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit		(12,799)	-		(743)	-	
or loss: Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive income of		697,372	6		(315,511)	(3)	
subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method		248			<u>-</u>		
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax		816,700	7		(287,465)	<u>(3</u> )	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	\$	<u>2,601,090</u>	23	<u>\$</u>	1,473,515	14	
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 26) From continuing operations Basic Diluted		\$ 2.42 \$ 2.42			\$ 2.39 \$ 2.39		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Concluded)

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

						Retai	ined Earnings			Diffe Tra	Other change rences on inslating	Un Gain Inves I Instr Fa	realized (Loss) on stments in Equity uments at ir Value 1gh Other	
		rdinary Shares	Capita	al Surplus	Legal Reserve	Spe	ecial Reserve		ppropriated Earnings	Foreign Operations		_	orehensive ncome	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2023	\$ 7	7,368,465	\$	63,790	\$ 2,762,813	\$	1,061,567	\$	1,518,347	\$	(997,561)	\$	41,562	\$ 11,818,983
Appropriation of 2022 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends		- - -		- - -	134,122		(105,568)		(134,122) 105,568 (884,216)		- - -		- - -	- (884,216)
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired		-		-	-		-		(77)		-		-	(77)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2023		-		-	-		-		1,760,980		-		-	1,760,980
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023, net of income tax		<u>-</u>							2,829		(315,511)		25,217	(287,465)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023		<u>-</u>					<u>-</u>		1,763,809		(315,511)		25,217	1,473,515
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	7	7,368,465		63,790	2,896,935		955,999		2,369,309	(1	1,313,072)		66,779	12,408,205
Appropriation of 2023 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends		- - -		- - -	176,373		290,294 -		(176,373) (290,294) (1,178,954)		- - -		- - -	- - (1,178,954)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2024		-		-	-		-		1,784,390		-		-	1,784,390
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2024, net of income tax		<u>-</u>				_	<del>_</del>	_	51,755		697,372		67,573	816,700
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2024		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	<del>_</del>		<del>_</del>		1,836,145		697,372		67,573	2,601,090
Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income				<u> </u>					8,927	_			(8,927)	
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2024	\$ 7	7,368,465	\$	63,790	\$ 3,073,308	\$	1,246,293	\$	2,568,760	\$	(615,700)	\$	125,425	<u>\$ 13,830,341</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2024		2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit before income tax	\$	2,255,472	\$	2,145,295
Adjustments for:	Ψ	2,233,172	Ψ	2,1 13,273
Depreciation expenses		573,447		575,024
Amortization expenses		21,745		21,124
Expected credit loss (reversed) recognized on trade receivables		246		(222)
Net loss on financial assets and liability at fair value through profit				(===)
or loss		1,043		386
Finances costs		163,707		158,325
Interest income		(60,994)		(16,974)
Dividend income		(6,062)		(1,115)
Share of profit of subsidiaries and associates		(141,104)		(456,158)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		4,026		2,822
Gain on disposal of investment properties		(2,009)		(15,186)
Impairment loss recognized on non-financial assets		-		10,360
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				,
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit				
or loss		(2,500)		(2,500)
Notes receivable		22,036		(19,969)
Trade receivables		(15,237)		(310,301)
Trade receivables from related parties		65,227		(43,041)
Other receivables		7,507		4,392
Other receivables from related parties		2,444		14,799
Other current assets		(29,524)		(752)
Notes payable		(10)		10
Other payables		(346,307)		678,663
Other payables from related parties		9,849		15,969
Other current liabilities		(36,672)		60,007
Other operating liabilities		260,812		(458,787)
Cash generated from operations		2,747,142		2,362,171
Interest received		48,672		16,307
Interest paid		(174,032)		(139,974)
Income tax paid		(583,584)		(276,130)
Net cash generated from operating activities		2,038,198		1,962,374
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive				
income		(38,352)		(3,835)
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through		(30,332)		(3,033)
other comprehensive income		_		10,000
Purchase of long-term investments through equity method		(1,775,278)		(487,222)
Proceeds from capital reduction of subsidiaries through equity method		1,987,629		365,279
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(151,602)		(99,624)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		90		97
11000000 from disposar of property, plant and equipment		70		(Continued)
				(Commucu)

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2024		2023
Increase in refundable deposits	\$	(1,702)	\$	_
Decrease in refundable deposits	4	-	4	5,982
Increase in other receivables from related parties		(400,092)		-
Decrease in other receivables from related parties		-		1,249,901
Payments for intangible assets		(4,714)		(21,808)
Payments for investment properties		-		(47,220)
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties		38,900		81,989
Decrease in finance lease receivables		244		-
Increase in other financial assets		(997,120)		(92,032)
Increase in other non-current assets		(537)		(2,989)
Dividends received		44,446		50,840
Net cash (used in) generated from investing activities		(1,298,088)		1,009,358
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Increase in short-term borrowings		-		1,398,621
Decrease in short-term borrowings		(900,002)		-
Repayment of bonds payable		-		(3,700,000)
Proceed from long-term borrowings		63,250,286		30,600,461
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(	(62,400,000)	(	(29,550,678)
Increase in guarantee deposits received		1,192		-
Decrease in guarantee deposits received		-		(6,710)
Increase in other payables to related parties		101,090		1,524,310
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities		(437,852)		(452,968)
Dividends paid to owners of the Company		(1,178,954)		(884,216)
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,564,240)		(1,071,180)
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES		(111,090)		(3,011)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(935,220)		1,897,541
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		2,499,435		601,894
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$</u>	1,564,215	<u>\$</u>	2,499,435
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.				(Concluded)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Sinyi Realty Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in January 1987 and is engaged in the operation of a full-service real-estate brokerage business. The head office is situated in Taipei City, Taiwan, Republic of China (ROC). The Company continues to expand by establishing branches in Taiwan and highly focuses on promoting its brand value.

In August 1999, the Securities and Futures Bureau (SFB) approved the trading of the Company's ordinary shares on the Taipei Exchange (TPEx) in the ROC. In November of the same year, the stocks were officially listed for public trading. In September 2001, the SFB approved the Company's application for shifting its shares listing on TPEx to the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE).

The financial statements are presented in the Company's functional currency, New Taiwan dollars.

#### 2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability"

The financial statements were approved by the Audit Committee and board of directors and authorized for issue on February 26, 2025.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRS Accounting Standards") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have material impact on the Company's accounting policies.

b. The IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2025

	<b>Effective Date</b>
New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations IFRS	Announced by IASB

January 1, 2025 (Note)

Note: An entity shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Upon initial application of the amendments to IAS 21, the Company shall not restate the comparative information and shall recognize any effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings or, if applicable, to the cumulative amount of translation differences in equity as well as affected assets or liabilities.

As of the date the financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company has assessed that the application of the above standards and interpretations will not have a material impact on the Company's financial position and financial performance.

c. The IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations IFRS	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note)
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11	January 1, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Contracts Referencing	January 1, 2026
Nature-dependent Electricity"	
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets	To be determined by IASB
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 -	January 1, 2023
Comparative Information"	
IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"	January 1, 2027
IFRS 19 "Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures"	January 1, 2027

Note: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRS Accounting Standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

#### IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Statements"

IFRS 18 will supersede IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The main changes comprise:

- Items of income and expenses included in the statement of profit or loss shall be classified into the operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations categories.
- The statement of profit or loss shall present totals and subtotals for operating profit or loss, profit or loss before financing and income taxes and profit or loss.
- Provides guidance to enhance the requirements of aggregation and disaggregation: The Company shall identify the assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows that arise from individual transactions or other events and shall classify and aggregate them into groups based on shared characteristics, so as to result in the presentation in the primary financial statements of line items that have at least one similar characteristic. The Company shall disaggregate items with dissimilar characteristics in the primary financial statements and in the notes. The Company labels items as "other" only if it cannot find a more informative label.
- Disclosures on Management-defined Performance Measures (MPMs): When in public communications outside financial statements and communicating to users of financial statements management's view of an aspect of the financial performance of the Company as a whole, the Company shall disclose related information about its MPMs in a single note to the financial statements, including the description of such measures, calculations, reconciliations to the subtotal or total specified by IFRS Accounting Standards and the income tax and non-controlling interests effects of related reconciliation items.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company is continuously assessing the other impacts of other standards and interpretations on the Company's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

#### a. Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, hereinafter referred as the Regulations on Individual Financial Reporting Standards".

#### b. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value, and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

When preparing its financial statements, the Company used the equity method to account for its investments in subsidiaries and associates. In order for the amounts of the net profit for the year, other comprehensive income for the year and total equity in the financial statements to be the same with the amounts attributable to the owners of the Company in its consolidated financial statements, adjustments arising from the differences in accounting treatment are made to investments accounted for using the equity method, share of profit or loss of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures as appropriate, in the financial statements.

#### c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

#### Current assets include:

- Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

#### Current liabilities include:

- Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period, even if an agreement to refinance, or to reschedule payments, on a long-term basis is completed after the reporting period and before the financial statements are authorized for issue; and
- Liabilities for which the Group does not have the substantial right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

#### d. Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognized in profit or loss as they are incurred when the services are received.

#### e. Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date.

Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the year except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For the purpose of presenting the financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations (including the subsidiaries and associates operating in other countries or those that use currencies that are different from the Company) are translated into the New Taiwan dollar using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e., a disposal of the Company's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving the loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Company losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences is included in the calculation of equity transactions but is not recognized in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals, the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

# f. Investments accounted for using the equity method

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are accounted for by using the equity method.

#### 1) Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are the entities controlled by the Company.

Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognized at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the subsidiary after the date of acquisition. Besides, the Company also recognizes its proportionate share of the change in the subsidiary's other equity on its ownership interest.

Changes in the Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Company's loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the carrying amount of the investment and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

When the Company's share of losses of a subsidiary equals or exceeds its interest in that subsidiary (which includes any carrying amount of the investment in subsidiary accounted for using the equity method and long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Company's net investment in the subsidiary), the Company continues to recognize its share of further losses.

The acquisition cost in excess of the acquisition-date fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill, which is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortized. The acquisition-date fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired in excess of the acquisition cost is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The Company assesses its investment for any impairment by comparing the carrying amount with the estimated recoverable amount as assessed based on the financial statements of the invested company as a whole. Impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. If the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases, the Company recognizes a reversal of the impairment loss; the adjusted post-reversal carrying amount should not exceed the carrying amount that would have been recognized (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized in prior years. An impairment loss recognized on goodwill cannot be reversed in a subsequent period.

When the Company ceases to have control over a subsidiary, any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the difference between the previous carrying amount of the subsidiary attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss. Furthermore, the Company accounts for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

Profits and losses from downstream transactions with a subsidiary are eliminated in full. Profits and losses from upstream transactions with a subsidiary and transactions between subsidiaries are recognized in the Company's financial statements only to the extent of interests in the subsidiary that are not related to the Company.

#### 2) Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is not a subsidiary.

Under the equity method, investments in an associate are initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. The Company also recognizes the changes in the Company's share of equity of associates attributable to the Company.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of an associate at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortized. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When the Company subscribes for additional new shares of the associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Company's proportionate interest in the associate. The Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments accounted for using the equity method with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. If the Company's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription of new shares of the associate, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate is reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the investee had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. When the adjustment should be debited to capital surplus, but the capital surplus recognized from investments accounted for using the equity method is insufficient, the shortage is debited to retained earnings.

#### g. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less recognized accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction are measured at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Such assets are depreciated and classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for their intended use.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. If the lease term of the item of property, plant and equipment is shorter than its useful life, it is depreciated over its lease term. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

#### h. Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties also include land held for a currently undetermined future use.

Freehold investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method.

On derecognition of an investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in profit or loss.

### i. Intangible assets

#### 1) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful life, residual value, and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

#### 2) Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognized separately from goodwill are initially recognized at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost). Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

### 3) Derecognition of intangible assets

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

j. Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment properties and intangible assets other than goodwill and assets related to contract costs

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment properties and intangible assets, excluding goodwill, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Corporate assets are allocated to the individual cash-generating units on a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the corresponding asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized on the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

#### k. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

#### 1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

#### a) Measurement category

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: Financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at amortized cost and investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI.

#### i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when such financial assets are mandatorily classified as at FVTPL.

Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI.

A financial asset may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, and any dividends, interest earned and remeasurement gains or losses on such financial assets are recognized in other gains or losses. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 29.

#### ii. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents, note receivables, trade receivables (including related parties) at amortized cost, other receivables (including related parties), other financial assets and refundable deposits, are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of such a financial asset, except for:

- i) Purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, for which interest income is calculated by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets; and
- ii) Financial assets that are not credit impaired on purchase or origination but have subsequently become credit impaired, for which interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets in subsequent reporting periods.

Cash equivalents include time deposits with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

### iii. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Company may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation as at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments; instead, it will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

#### b) Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables) and financial lease receivables.

The Company always recognizes lifetime expected credit loss (ECL) for trade receivables and financial lease receivables. For all other financial instruments, the Company recognizes lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

For internal credit risk management purposes, the Company considers the following situations as indication that a financial asset is in default:

- i. Internal or external information shows that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors.
- ii. Financial asset is more than normal operating cycle past due unless the Company has reasonable and corroborative information to support a more lagged default criterion.

The Company recognizes an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

#### c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. However, on derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss, and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

#### 2) Financial liabilities

#### a) Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 1. Provisions

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

#### m. Revenue recognition

The Company identifies the contract with the customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations, and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

#### Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services are real estate brokerage and agency sale business and will be recognized when performance obligations are completed.

#### n. Leasing

At the inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

## 1) The Company as lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of a lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When the Company subleases a right-of-use asset, the sublease is classified by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. However, if the head lease is a short-term lease that the Group, as a lessee, has accounted for applying recognition exemption, the sublease is classified as an operating lease

Under finance leases, the lease payments comprise fixed payments, in-substance fixed payments, variable lease payments which depend on an index or a rate, and payments of penalties for terminating a lease if the lease term reflects such termination, less any lease incentives payable. The net investment in a lease is measured at (a) the present value of the sum of the lease payments receivable by a lessor and any unguaranteed residual value accrued to the lessor plus (b) initial direct costs and is presented as a finance lease receivable. Finance lease income is allocated to the relevant accounting periods so as to reflect a constant, periodic rate of return on the Company's net investment outstanding in respect of leases.

Under finance leases, lease payments (less any lease incentives payable) from operating leases are recognized as income on a straight-line over the terms of the relevant leases. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining operating leases are added to the carrying amounts of the underlying assets and recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Company assesses the classification of each element separately as a finance or an operating lease based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the lessee. The lease payments are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of a contract. If the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, each element is accounted for separately in accordance with its lease classification. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases; in which case, the entire lease is classified as an operating lease.

#### 2) The Company as lessee

The Company recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, which comprise fixed payments and in-substance fixed payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term, or a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, the Company remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the balance sheets.

#### o. Employee benefits

#### 1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

#### 2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost and net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period they occur. Remeasurement (comprising actuarial gains and losses, effect of changes to the asset ceiling and return on plan assets excluding interest) is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liability (asset) represents the actual deficit (surplus) in the Company's defined benefit plan. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

#### 3) Other long-term employee benefits

Other long-term employee benefits are accounted for in the same way as the accounting required for defined benefit plan except that remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss.

#### p. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### 1) Current tax

Income tax payable (recoverable) is based on taxable profit (loss) for the year determined according to the applicable tax laws of each tax jurisdiction.

According to the Income Tax Act in the ROC, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for in the year the shareholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

#### 2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, unused loss carryforwards and unused tax credits for purchases of machinery, equipment and technology, research and development expenditures, and personnel training expenditures to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

#### 3) Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

# 5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

When developing material accounting estimates, the Company considers the possible impact of the inflation and interest rate fluctuations when making its material accounting estimates on cash flow projection, growth rate, discount rate, profitability and other relevant material estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

### **Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty**

Impairment of property, plant and equipment, investment property and right-of-use assets

Impairment of property, plant and equipment, investment property and right-of-use assets is evaluated based on the recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Any changes in the market prices or future cash flows will affect the recoverable amount of the equipment and may lead to the recognition of additional impairment losses or the reversal of impairment losses.

#### 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31				
	2024	2023			
Cash on hand	\$ 15,670	\$ 21,435			
Checking accounts and demand deposits	1,006,770	1,181,940			
Cash equivalents					
Time deposits with original maturities of three months or less	541,775	1,296,060			
	<u>\$ 1,564,215</u>	<u>\$ 2,499,435</u>			

The interest rate ranges of cash in bank at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Decem	iber 31
	2024	2023
Cash in bank	0%-4.56%	0%-2.75%

# 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS - NON CURRENT

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL - non-current			
Non-derivative financial assets  Domestic limited partnership	\$ 6.071	\$ 4614	

#### 8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
<u>Investment in equity instruments</u>			
Domestic investments Listed shares Unlisted shares	\$ 135,638 44,639	\$ 127,300 101,216	
	<u>\$ 180,277</u>	<u>\$ 228,516</u>	
Foreign investments Unlisted shares	<u>\$ 38,352</u>	<u>\$</u>	
Current Non-current	\$ 135,638 <u>82,991</u>	\$ 127,300 	
	<u>\$ 218,629</u>	\$ 228,516	

- a. These investments in equity instruments are held for medium to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Company's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.
- b. n August 2024, the Group participated in a cash capital increase of Leju Technology Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Leju"). Therefore, the Group's ownership increased to 20% and has significant influence over Leju., accordingly, Leju has been accounted for using equity method. Additionally, unrealized gains and losses of \$8,927 thousand on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income were transferred to unappropriated earnings. Please refer to Notes 12 and 22.

#### 9. NOTES RECEIVABLE, TRADE RECEIVABLES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Notes receivable			
At amortized cost Operating - gross carrying amount	\$ 62,735	<u>\$ 84,771</u>	
<u>Trade receivables</u>			
At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 940,448 (726)	\$ 925,211 (480)	
	\$ 939,722	\$ 924,731 (Continued)	

	Decer	nber 31
	2024	2023
Other receivables		
Interest receivables Others Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 8,724 21,479 (2,848)	\$ 683 28,986 (2,848)
	<u>\$ 27,355</u>	\$ 26,821 (Concluded)

#### a. Trade receivables

The average credit period for the rendering of services was 30 to 60 days. No interest was charged on trade receivables. The refund liability for trade receivables from real estate brokerage service revenue was estimated based on historical experience. Since the Company collected the receivables for providing real estate agent services from clients under escrow custody, the uncollectible risk is insignificant. Except for collections from real estate brokerage services rendered to individuals, for the real estate agency sales business, the Company adopted a policy of using other publicly available financial information or its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Company's exposure and the credit conditions of its counterparties are continuously monitored.

The Company applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix approach considering the past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of economic conditions at the reporting date. As the Company's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished according to the Company's different customer base.

The Company writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. For trade receivables that have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

The following table details the loss allowance of trade receivables (including overdue receivables) based on the Company's provision matrix.

#### December 31, 2024

	Up	to 60 Days	61 to	o 90 Days	91 to	o 180 Days	181 t	o 360 Days	Ovei	361 Days		Total
Expected credit loss rate (Note 1)		0%		0%	0	%-0.3%	C	0%-4%	0	%-25%		
Gross carrying amount Refund liabilities (Note 2) Loss allowance (Lifetime	\$	760,232 (27,945)	\$	92,707 (6,116)	\$	105,087 (5,725)	\$	41,725 (2,234)	\$	13,062 (9,630)	\$	1,012,813 (51,650)
ECL)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(50)		(341)		(335)	_	(726)
Amortized cost	\$	732,287	\$	86,591	\$	99,312	\$	39,150	\$	3,097	\$	960,437

# December 31, 2023

	Up	to 60 Days	61 to	o 90 Days	91 to	180 Days	181 to	o 360 Days	Over	361 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate (Note 1)		0%		0%	09	%-0.3%	0	1%-6%	0	%-24%	
Gross carrying amount Refund liabilities (Note 2) Loss allowance (Lifetime ECL)	\$	821,810 (37,031)	\$	81,043 (4,880)	\$	76,049 (4,044)	\$	25,220 (2,019)	\$	14,953 (9,093)	\$ 1,019,075 (57,067) (480)
Amortized cost	\$	784,779	\$	76,163	\$	71,915	\$	22,821	\$	5,850	\$ 961,528

Note 1: Expected credit loss rate does not include refund liabilities which has been recognized.

Note 2: Refund liabilities are recorded under other current liabilities and other non-current liabilities.

The movements of the loss allowance of trade receivables were as follows:

	202	)24		
	Trade	Other		
	Receivables	Receivables		
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 480	\$ 2,848		
Add: Net measurement of loss allowance	246			
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 726</u>	<u>\$ 2,848</u>		
	202	23		
	202	Other		
		_		
Balance at January 1, 2023	Trade	Other		
Balance at January 1, 2023 Less: Reversal of net measurement of loss allowance	Trade Receivables	Other Receivables		

## b. Other receivables

Other receivables include payments made on behalf of others and rental receivables.

## 10. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

	December 31			
	2024	2023		
Undiscounted lease payments				
Year 1	\$ 650	\$ -		
Year 2	656	-		
Year 3	656	-		
Year 4	110	<u>-</u>		
	2,072	-		
Less: Unearned finance income	(63)	<del></del>		
Finance lease receivables	<u>\$ 2,009</u>	<u>\$ -</u>		
		(Continued)		

	December 31			
	2024	2023		
Current Non-current	\$ 617 	\$ - -		
	<u>\$ 2,009</u>	\$(Concluded)		

The Company has recognized finance lease receivables for the right-of-use assets of certain properties and buildings leased to its subsidiaries. The average finance lease term is 4 years, with an implied interest rate of 1.9% per annum. For detailed information of finance lease agreements, please refer to Note 30.

#### 11. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	December 31			
	20	24		2023
Time deposits with original maturities of more than three months Restricted assets	·	92,436 01,716	\$	97,032
	\$ 1,09	94,152	\$	97,032

a. The ranges of interest rates of time deposits with original maturities more than three months were as follows:

	Decembe	er 31
	2024	2023
Time deposits with original maturities more than 3 months	1.71%-4.23%	-

b. Restricted assets primarily consist of deposits as collateral for the Company's bank borrowings, as well as business guarantee deposits for the issuance of bank guarantees related to the Company's real estate brokerage operations. For further details, please refer to Note 31.

The interest rates of pledge deposit and restricted cash in bank at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Decembe	er 31
	2024	2023
Restricted cash in bank	1.69%-5.18%	5.43%

## 12. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	December 31			
	2024	2023		
Investments in subsidiaries Investments in associates	\$ 16,873,540 232,782	\$ 16,213,433 		
	<u>\$ 17,106,322</u>	\$ 16,291,121		

#### a. Investments in subsidiaries

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Unlisted companies			
Sinyi International Limited	\$ 10,788,022	\$ 11,988,676	
Sinyi Limited	167,725	87,500	
Sinyi Development Inc.	1,807,384	1,918,073	
Sinyi Global Asset Management Co., Ltd.	125,983	97,247	
Heng-Yi Intelligent Technology Inc.	6,598	6,588	
Jui-Inn Consultants Co., Ltd.	713	746	
Sinyi Culture Publishing Inc.	1,403	1,691	
An-Sin Real Estate Management Ltd.	142,182	129,087	
Yowoo Technology Inc.	4,825	2,873	
Chengjing Enterprise Co., Ltd.	530,418	466	
Sin Chiun Holding Sdn. Bhd.	1,570,878	1,467,966	
Sinju Holding Sdn. Bhd.	35,272	32,331	
Sinyi Morefun Tourism Development Ltd.	30,725	31,715	
Jin Mei Travel Service Co., Ltd.	17,644	5,277	
Sinkang Administration Sdn. Bhd.	41,969	28,536	
Zhansin Tourism Development Sdn. Bhd.	5,279	3,143	
Zhancheng Tourism Development Sdn. Bhd.	1,596,520	411,518	
	\$ 16,873,540	\$ 16,213,433	

At the end of the reporting period, the proportion of ownership and voting rights in subsidiaries held by the Company was as follows:

	Decen	iber 31
Company Name	2024	2023
Sinyi International Limited	100%	100%
Sinyi Limited	100%	100%
Sinyi Development Inc.	100%	100%
Sinyi Global Asset Management Co., Ltd.	100%	100%
Heng-Yi Intelligent Technology Inc.	80%	80%
Jui-Inn Consultants Co., Ltd.	100%	100%
Sinyi Culture Publishing Inc.	99%	99%
An-Sin Real Estate Management Ltd.	51%	51%
Yowoo Technology Inc.	100%	100%
Chengjing Enterprise Co., Ltd.	100%	100%
Sin Chiun Holding Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%
Sinju Holding Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%
Sinyi Morefun Tourism Development Ltd.	100%	100%
Jin Mei Travel Service Co., Ltd.	100%	100%
Sinkang Administration Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%
Zhansin Tourism Development Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%
Zhancheng Tourism Development Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%

Refer to Note 34 for the details of subsidiaries indirectly held by the Company.

Refer to Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 for changes of the proportion of ownership and voting rights in subsidiaries held by the Company.

The investments in subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method and the share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (loss) of those investments for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were based on the subsidiaries' audited financial statements for the same years.

#### b. Investments in associates

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Associates that are not individually material			
Sinyi Interior Design Co., Ltd.	\$ 18,692	\$ 17,636	
Rakuya International Info. Co., Ltd.	60,103	60,052	
Leju Technology Co., Ltd	114,055	-	
GUDO Co., Ltd	35,252	-	
Taiwan Innovation Centre Aging Inc.	4,680		
	<u>\$ 232,782</u>	<u>\$ 77,688</u>	

As of the end of the reporting period, the proportion of ownership and voting rights in associates held by the Company was as follows:

	Decem	ber 31
Name of Associate	2024	2023
Sinyi Interior Design Co., Ltd.	19%	19%
Rakuya International Info. Co., Ltd.	23%	23%
Leju Technology Co., Ltd	20%	-
GUDO Co., Ltd	24%	-
Taiwan Innovation Centre Aging Inc.	18%	-

The Company's management considered investments in associates are not individually material, aggregate information of associates are summarized as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
The Company's shares			
Net income for continuing operations	\$ 21,318	\$ 17,359	
Other comprehensive income	486	1,854	
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>\$ 21,804</u>	<u>\$ 19,213</u>	

Though the Company held less than 20% of Sinyi Interior Design Co., Ltd. and Taiwan Innovation Centre Aging Ltd., the Company assessed and concluded it has significant influence over it. Thus, the investments are accounted for using the equity method.

The investments accounted for using the equity method and the Company's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the investments for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were based on financial statements which have not been audited by independent auditors.

# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Transportation Equipment	Office Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Other Equipment	Construction in Progress and Prepayments for Equipment	Total
Cost								
Balance at January 1, 2024 Additions Disposals Reclassification	\$ 2,800,118	\$ 435,415	\$ 2,708	\$ 401,528 71,057 (37,995) 275	\$ 610,227 38,852 (33,729) 37,067	\$ 147,632 7,466 5,579	\$ 9,571 34,227 (42,921)	\$ 4,407,199 151,602 (71,724)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 2,800,118	<u>\$ 435,415</u>	\$ 2,708	<u>\$ 434,865</u>	<u>\$ 652,417</u>	\$ 160,677	<u>\$ 877</u>	<u>\$ 4,487,077</u>
Accumulated depreciation								
Balance at January 1, 2024 Depreciation expense Disposals	\$ - - -	\$ 189,598 10,817	\$ 1,208 250	\$ 323,855 32,214 (37,685)	\$ 469,586 50,669 (29,923)	\$ 102,879 12,961	\$ - - -	\$ 1,087,126 106,911 (67,608)
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 200,415</u>	<u>\$ 1,458</u>	\$ 318,384	\$ 490,332	\$ 115,840	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,126,429</u>
Net carrying amount at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 2,800,118</u>	<u>\$ 235,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,250</u>	<u>\$ 116,481</u>	<u>\$ 162,085</u>	<u>\$ 44,837</u>	<u>\$ 877</u>	\$ 3,360,648
Cost								
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions Disposals Transferred from investment	\$ 2,785,658	\$ 433,265 - -	\$ 1,958 1,500 (750)	\$ 402,368 19,311 (20,151)	\$ 584,456 50,832 (35,890)	\$ 112,044 4,116 (1,069)	\$ 29,076 23,865	\$ 4,348,825 99,624 (57,860)
properties Reclassification	14,460	2,150	<u> </u>	- =	10,829	32,541	(43,370)	16,610
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 2,800,118</u>	<u>\$ 435,415</u>	\$ 2,708	<u>\$ 401,528</u>	\$ 610,227	<u>\$ 147,632</u>	<u>\$ 9,571</u>	<u>\$ 4,407,199</u>
Accumulated depreciation								
Balance at January 1, 2023 Depreciation expense Disposals Transferred from investment	\$ - - -	\$ 177,920 10,799	\$ 1,958 (750)	\$ 311,595 32,300 (20,040)	\$ 454,162 48,506 (33,082)	\$ 95,604 8,344 (1,069)	\$ - - -	\$ 1,041,239 99,949 (54,941)
properties	<del>-</del>	879	<del>-</del>				<del>-</del>	879
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>s -</u>	\$ 189,598	<u>\$ 1,208</u>	\$ 323,855	\$ 469,586	\$ 102,879	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 1,087,126</u>
Net carrying amount at December 31, 2023	<u>\$_2,800,118</u>	<u>\$ 245,817</u>	\$1,500	<u>\$ 77,673</u>	<u>\$ 140,641</u>	<u>\$ 44,753</u>	<u>\$ 9,571</u>	<u>\$_3,320,073</u>

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

21-56 years
6 years
3-6 years
3-5 years
3-15 years

- a. There was no interest capitalized during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.
- b. Refer to Note 31 for the details of property, plant and equipment pledged as collaterals.

# 14. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

## a. Right-of-use assets

	Decem	December 31		
	2024	2023		
Carrying amounts				
Buildings Other equipment	\$ 2,952,949 12,635	\$ 2,806,161 14,801		
	<u>\$ 2,965,584</u>	<u>\$ 2,820,962</u>		
	For the Year En 2024	ded December 31 2023		
Additions to right-of-use assets	<u>\$ 641,932</u>	<u>\$ 425,229</u>		
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets Buildings Other equipment	\$ 452,163 	\$ 461,937 4,409		
	<u>\$ 457,875</u>	<u>\$ 466,346</u>		
b. Lease liabilities				
	Decem	ıber 31		
	2024	2023		
Carrying amounts				
Current Non-current	\$ 433,699 \$ 2,615,606	\$ 438,892 \$ 2,446,682		
Range of discount rate for lease liabilities was as follows:				
	Decem	ıber 31		
	2024	2023		
Buildings Other equipment	0.93%-2.05% 0.93%-2.05%	0.93% -2.05% 0.93% -2.05%		
c Material leasing activities and terms				

# c. Material leasing activities and terms

The Company leases buildings for the use of office spaces and branch stores with lease terms of 1 to 20 years. The Company does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the buildings at the end of the lease terms. In addition, the Company is prohibited from transferring all or any portion of the underlying assets without the lessor's consent.

#### d. Subleases

Refer to Note 10 for the sublease transactions of buildings in right-of-use assets transactions.

#### e. Other lease information

Lease arrangements under operating leases for the leasing out of freehold investment properties are set out in Note 15.

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024		
Expenses relating to short-term and low-value asset leases	<u>\$ 13,396</u>	<u>\$ 13,306</u>	
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ 497,043</u>	\$ 503,685	

The Company's leases of certain assets qualify as short-term leases and low-value asset leases. The Company has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

#### 15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Land	Buildings	Total
Cost			
Balance at January 1, 2024 Disposals	\$ 1,920,998 (43,683)	\$ 330,838 (2,516)	\$ 2,251,836 (46,199)
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 1,877,315</u>	\$ 328,322	\$ 2,205,637
Accumulated depreciation and impairment			
Balance at January 1, 2024 Depreciation expense Disposals	\$ 12,264 (8,737)	\$ 142,796 8,661 (571)	\$ 155,060 8,661 (9,308)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 3,527	<u>\$ 150,886</u>	<u>\$ 154,413</u>
Net carrying amount at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 1,873,788</u>	<u>\$ 177,436</u>	\$ 2,051,224
Cost			
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions Disposals Transferred to property, plant and equipment	\$ 1,970,161 38,297 (73,000) (14,460)	\$ 335,060 8,923 (10,995) (2,150)	\$ 2,305,221 47,220 (83,995) (16,610)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 1,920,998	\$ 330,838	\$ 2,251,836 (Continued)

	Land	l <b>J</b>	Buildings	Total
Accumulated depreciation and impairment				
Balance at January 1, 2023 Depreciation expense Impairment loss Disposals Transferred to property, plant and equipment	8,	\$ .541 .600)	135,719 8,729 1,819 (2,592) (879)	\$ 154,042 8,729 10,360 (17,192) (879)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 12,</u>	<u>264</u> <u>\$</u>	142,796	\$ 155,060
Net carrying amount at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 1,908.</u>	<u>734</u> <u>\$</u>	188,042	 2,096,776 Concluded)

The lessees do not have bargain purchase options to acquire the investment properties at the end of the lease terms.

The maturity analysis of lease payment receivables under operating leases of investment properties as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Year 1	\$ 61,872	\$ 99,669	
Year 2	14,146	50,804	
Year 3	4,357	4,779	
Year 4	4,352	4,252	
Year 5	236	4,248	
Onwards		190	
	<u>\$ 84,963</u>	<u>\$ 163,942</u>	

The investment properties are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings - main buildings

30-60 years

The total fair value of the Company's investment properties as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$4,920,540 thousand and \$4,497,995 thousand, respectively. The total fair value of the Company's freehold land and buildings as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$7,396,455 thousand and \$6,719,528 thousand, respectively. The fair value was determined by the management of the Company using the valuation model that market participants would generally use in determining fair value, and the fair value was measured by using Level 3 inputs. The valuation model was based on the sales comparison approach and direct capitalization method, where fair value indicators of the different valuation techniques are weighed and adjustments are made by reference to the available market information on the measurement date. The Company assessed that for part of the investment properties, the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount; and recognized an impairment loss of \$10,360 thousand, classified as other gains and losses in 2023.

All of the Company's investment properties were held under freehold interests. The carrying amount of the investment properties that had been pledged by the Company to secure borrowings is disclosed in Note 31.

## 16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
System software costs	<u>\$ 20,447</u>	<u>\$ 37,478</u>	
	For the Year End	ed December 31	
	2024	2023	
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 340,588	\$ 318,780	
Additions	4,714	21,808	
Disposals	<u>(26,037</u> )	<del>_</del>	
Balance at end of year	<u>\$ 319,265</u>	\$ 340,588	
Accumulated amortization			
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 303,110	\$ 281,986	
Amortization expense	21,745	21,124	
Disposals	(26,037)	<del>_</del>	
Balance at end of year	<u>\$ 298,818</u>	<u>\$ 303,110</u>	
Net carrying amount at end of year	\$ 20,447	<u>\$ 37,478</u>	

The above intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

System software costs 2-5 years

# 17. OTHER ASSETS

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Prepaid expenses Overdue receivables Temporary payments	\$ 45,377 9,630 	\$ 20,320 9,093 <u>923</u>
	<u>\$ 60,397</u>	\$ 30,336
Current Non-current	\$ 50,767 	\$ 21,243 
	<u>\$ 60,397</u>	<u>\$ 30,336</u>

## 18. BORROWINGS

## a. Short-term borrowings

	December 31			1
		2024		2023
Secured borrowings				
Bank loans	\$	-	\$	200,000
<u>Unsecured borrowings</u>				
Short-term commercial papers payable Less: Discount on short-term commercial paper payable	_	500,000 (1,381)		1,200,000 (1,379)
	<u>\$</u>	498,619	\$	1,398,621

The short-term borrowing interest rates of the Company are as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Secured borrowings			
Annual interest rates	-	1.59%	
Short-term commercial papers payable			
Annual interest rates	1.83%	1.68%	
Outstanding short-term bills payable were as follows:			

# December 31, 2024

	Nominal Amount	Discount Amount	Carrying Amount	Interest Rates	Collateral	Carrying Amount of Collateral
Commercial promissory notes						
Mega Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	\$ 500,000	<u>\$ 1,381</u>	\$ 498,619	1.83%	-	\$ -

# December 31, 2023

	_	Nominal Amount	count nount	Carrying Amount	Interest Rates	Collateral	Carr Amou Colla	int of
Commercial promissory notes								
Mega Bills Finance Co., Ltd. International Bills Finance China Bills Finance Co.	\$	300,000 150,000 750,000	\$ 345 172 862	\$ 299,655 149,828 749,138	1.68% 1.68% 1.68%	- - -	\$	- - -
	\$	1,200,000	\$ 1,379	\$ 1,198,621			\$	

Refer to Note 31 for the details of assets pledged as collateral for short-term borrowings.

# b. Long-term borrowings

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Secured borrowings			
Bank loans	\$ 2,850,000	\$ 2,950,000	
<u>Unsecured borrowings</u>			
Line of credit borrowings	2,850,000	1,600,000	
Long-term commercial papers payable	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	300,000	
Less: Discount on long-term commercial paper payable	<del>_</del>	(286)	
	5,700,000	4,849,714	
Less: Current portion	(1,000,000)	(149,911)	
	<u>\$ 4,700,000</u>	\$ 4,699,803	

Outstanding long-term bills payable were as follows:

December 31, 2024: None

# December 31, 2023

	Nominal Amount	Discount Amount	Carrying Amount	Interest Rates	Collateral	Carrying Amount of Collateral
Commercial promissory notes						
China Bills Finance Co. International Bills Finance	\$ 150,000 <u>150,000</u>	\$ 89 197	\$ 149,911 	0.94% 1.91%	-	\$ - -
	\$ 300,000	\$ 286	\$ 299,714			\$ -

The long-term borrowing interest rates and maturity dates of the merged company are as follows:

	Decem	ber 31
	2024	2023
Secured borrowings		
Annual interest rates Maturity date	1.73%-1.94% Mature sequentially before December 2026	1.52%-1.80% Mature sequentially before October 2025
<u>Unsecured borrowings</u>		
Annual interest rates Maturity date	1.79%-1.90% Mature sequentially before September 2026	1.67%-1.81% Mature sequentially before May 2028 (Continued

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Long-term commercial papers payable			
Annual interest rates	-	0.94%-1.91%	
Maturity date	-	Mature	
		sequentially	
		before	
		February 2025	
		(Concluded)	

In order to increase working capital, the Company applies for revolving loans from banks and issues financial commercial papers.

Refer to Note 31 for the details of assets pledged as collateral for long-term borrowings.

# 19. BONDS PAYABLE

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Domestic unsecured bonds	\$ 900,000	\$ 900,000	

The major terms of domestic unsecured bonds were as follows:

Issuance Period	Total Amount (In Thousands)	<b>Coupon Rate</b>	Repayment and Interest Payment
November 2019 to November 2029	\$ 900,000	1.25%	Principal is repaid at maturity. Interest is paid annually.

## 20. OTHER LIABILITIES

	Decem	ber 31
	2024	2023
Current		
Other payables Other liabilities	\$ 2,683,479 161,591	\$ 3,054,544 198,263
	<u>\$ 2,845,070</u>	\$ 3,252,807
Non-current		
Other liabilities	<u>\$ 888,309</u>	\$ 612,257

# a. Other payables were as follows:

	Decem	ber 31
	2024	2023
Other payables - accrued expenses		
Payables for performance bonus and salaries	\$ 2,048,061	\$ 2,369,254
Payables for annual leave	157,658	160,437
Advertisement payable	123,944	146,310
Payables for labor and health insurance	93,622	96,499
Payables for employees bonuses and remuneration of directors	27,833	27,134
Payables for professional fees	8,211	5,167
Interest payables	4,121	2,542
Others	149,857	130,494
	\$ 2,613,307	\$ 2,937,837
Other payables - others		
Other receipts under custody	\$ 70,172	<u>\$ 116,707</u>

## b. Other liabilities were as follows:

	December 31	
	2024	2023
<u>Current</u>		
VAT payable Refund liabilities Others	\$ 90,869 42,020 <u>28,702</u> \$ 161,591	\$ 132,798 47,974 17,491 \$ 198,263
Non-current		
Long-term bonus payable Refund liabilities	\$ 878,679 <u>9,630</u>	\$ 603,164 9,093
	<u>\$ 888,309</u>	<u>\$ 612,257</u>

- 1) The refund liabilities were estimated based on historical experience of actual discounts given, and recognized as a reduction of operating revenue in the period the related services were provided.
- 2) Senior management and employee who meet the performance standards under the bonus rules are eligible for performance bonuses. Performance bonuses to be paid one year later are recorded as other non-current liabilities.

#### 21. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

#### a. Defined contribution plan

The Company adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, an entity makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

### b. Defined benefit plan

The defined benefit plan adopted by the Company in accordance with the Labor Standards Act is operated by the government. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the six months before retirement. The Company contributes amounts equal to 2% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the "Bureau"), the Company has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

The amounts included in the balance sheets in respect of the Company's defined benefit plan were as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Surplus	\$ 566,666 <u>(663,854)</u> <u>(97,188)</u>	\$ 598,866 (616,818) (17,952)	
Net defined benefit assets	<u>\$ (97,188)</u>	<u>\$ (17,952</u> )	

Movements in net defined benefit (assets) liabilities were as follows:

	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit (Assets) Liabilities
Balance at January 1, 2023	<u>\$ 636,110</u>	\$ (629,431)	\$ 6,679
Service cost  Current service cost	1,130	_	1,130
Net interest expense (income)	9,542	(9,564)	(22)
Recognized in profit or loss	10,672	<u>(9,564</u> )	1,108
			(Continued)

	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit (Assets) Liabilities
Remeasurement Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest) Actuarial loss - changes in financial assumptions Actuarial profit - experience adjustments Recognized in other comprehensive income Contributions from the employer Benefits paid Balance at December 31, 2023 Service cost	\$ -  14,349 (14,081) 268 - (48,184) 598,866	\$ (3,984)	\$ (3,984) 14,349 (14,081) (3,716) (12,460) (9,563) (17,952)
Current service cost Past service cost Net interest expense (income) Recognized in profit or loss Remeasurement	850 1,224 7,466 9,540	- - (7,790) - (7,790)	850 1,224 (324) 1,750
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest) Actuarial profit - changes in financial assumptions Actuarial loss - experience adjustments Recognized in other comprehensive income Contributions from the employer Benefits paid	(13,164) <u>5,161</u> (8,003) - (33,737)	(55,993) - (55,993) (13,802) 30,549	(55,993) (13,164) 5,161 (63,996) (13,802) (3,188)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 566,666	<u>\$ (663,854)</u>	\$ (97,188) (Concluded)

An analysis by function of the amounts recognized in profit or loss in respect of the defined benefit plan is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Operating costs General and administrative expenses	\$ 1,572 178	\$ 1,006 102	
	<u>\$ 1,750</u>	<u>\$ 1,108</u>	

Through the defined benefit plan under the Labor Standards Act, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The plan assets are invested in domestic and foreign equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets should not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government or corporate bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.

3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The significant assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Discount rates	1.50%	1.25%	
Expected rates of salary increase	3.00%	3.00%	

If possible reasonable change in each of the significant actuarial assumptions will occur and all other assumptions will remain constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase (decrease) as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Discount rates			
0.25% increase	<u>\$ (12,754)</u>	<u>\$ (14,349)</u>	
0.25% decrease	<u>\$ 13,164</u>	<u>\$ 14,836</u>	
Expected rates of salary increase			
0.25% increase	<u>\$ 12,743</u>	<u>\$ 14,331</u>	
0.25% decrease	<u>\$ (12,412)</u>	<u>\$ (13,935</u> )	

The above sensitivity analysis may not be representative of the actual changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that changes in assumptions will occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

	December 31	
	2024	2023
The expected contributions to the plan for the next year	<u>\$ 14,216</u>	<u>\$ 12,834</u>
The average duration of the defined benefit obligation	9.15 years	9.78 years

# 22. EQUITY

# **Share Capital**

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Number of shares authorized (in thousands)	1,000,000	1,000,000
Share capital authorized	\$ 10,000,000	<u>\$ 10,000,000</u>
Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands)	736,847	736,847
Share capital issued	\$ 7,368,465	\$ 7,368,465

As of December 31, 2024, the Company has issued share capital of \$7,368,465 thousand with 736,847 thousand ordinary shares at \$10 per share.

The ordinary shares issued, which have par value of \$10, carry one vote and a right to dividends.

### **Capital Surplus**

	December 31	
	2024	2023
May be used to offset a deficit		
Arising from expired stock options	<u>\$ 63,790</u>	<u>\$ 63,790</u>

The capital surplus from shares issued in excess of par (additional arising from expired stock options) is used to offset a deficit.

#### **Retained Earnings and Dividend Policy**

- a. Under the dividend policy as set forth in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, where the Company made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting loses of previous years, setting aside as legal reserve 10% of the remaining profit, unless the legal reserve has reached the Company's paid-in capital, in which case no further allocation is required, setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to shareholders. For the policies on the distribution of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors after the amendment, please refer to Employee benefits expense in Note 24-8 (Compensation of Employees and Remuneration of Directors).
- b. In addition, according to the revised Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the dividend policy of the Company is to distribute dividends in light of the present and future development plan, taking into consideration the investment environment, fund demands, and domestic competition status, as well as factors of interests of shareholders. However, the amount of proposed earnings distribution of the current year may not be less than 20% of the accumulated distributable earnings. In distributing dividends and bonuses to shareholders, the distribution may be made by shares or cash, of which cash dividends may not be less than 10% of the total amount of dividends.
- c. Appropriation of earnings to the legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. The legal reserve may be used to offset deficit. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.
- d. The appropriations of earnings for 2023 and 2022, which had been approved in the shareholders' meetings held on May 22, 2024 and May 18, 2023, respectively, were as follows:

		ion of Earnings	Dividends Po	er Share (NT\$)
	For the Year Ended December 31			Year Ended nber 31
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Legal reserve appropriated Appropriated (reversal of)	\$ 176,373	\$ 134,122	\$ -	\$ -
Special reserve Cash dividends	290,294 1,178,954	(105,568) 884,216	1.6	1.2

e. The appropriations of earnings for 2024 had been proposed by the Company's board of directors on February 26, 2025. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings	Dividends Per Share (NT\$)
Legal reserve appropriated	\$ 184,507	\$ -
Reversal of special reserve	(756,018)	-
Cash dividends	1,326,324	1.8

The appropriations of earnings for 2024 are subject to the resolution of the shareholders in their meeting to be held on May 21, 2025.

### **Other Equity Items**

a. Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations

Exchange differences relating to the translation of the results and net assets of the Company's foreign operations from their functional currencies to the Company's presentation currency (i.e., New Taiwan dollars) were recognized directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange differences on translation of foreign operations. Gains and losses on hedging instruments that were designated as hedging instruments for hedges of net investments in foreign operations were included in the foreign currency translation reserve. Exchange differences previously accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve were reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the foreign operation.

b. Unrealized gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	December 31		L	
		2024		2023
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$	66,779	\$	41,562
In respect of the current year				
Unrealized gain - Investments in equity instruments		10,688		19,554
Share of the other comprehensive income accounted for using				
the equity method		56,885		5,663
Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value				
through other comprehensive income		(8,927)		<u>-</u>
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$</u>	125,425	\$	66,779

Unrealized gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, that have been defined to recognize in other comprehensive income. When the equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are derecognized, the accumulated amounts of unrealized gains or losses are directly transferred to retained earnings and are not reclassified to gains or losses.

## 23. REVENUE

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Real estate brokerage revenue Sales of real estate agency	\$ 9,663,838 1,722,074	\$ 9,104,250 1,446,891	
	<u>\$ 11,385,912</u>	\$ 10,551,141	

The Company recognizes revenue form the rendering of services in real-estate brokerage and agency sale business when performance obligations are satisfied. The right to receive the consideration is recognized as accounts receivable, refer to Note 9 for the details.

## 24. NET PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Net profit from continuing operations consisted of the following:

#### **Interest Income**

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Interest income Cash in bank Borrowings to related parties Others	\$ 47,941 12,673 380	\$ 7,217 8,959 
	\$ 60,994	<u>\$ 16,974</u>
Other Income		
	For the Year End	
	2024	2023
Other income Rental Income	\$ 101,635	\$ 102,005
Dividend Income	6,062	<u>1,115</u>

<u>\$ 107,697</u>

\$ 103,120

# **Other Gains and Losses**

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Impairment loss of investment properties	\$ -	\$ (10,360)
Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(4,026)	(2,822)
Gains on disposal of investment properties	2,009	15,186
Net foreign exchange gains	137,393	1,129
Administration service revenue	42,971	40,230
Losses on financial assets classified as at FVTPL	(1,043)	(386)
Others	6,822	8,958
	<u>\$ 184,126</u>	<u>\$ 51,935</u>

# **Finance Costs**

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Interest on bank loans	\$ 104,717	\$ 75,686
Interest on bonds payable	11,250	29,042
Interest on lease liabilities	45,795	37,411
Interest on loans from related parties	1,926	16,076
Others	19	110
	<u>\$ 163,707</u>	<u>\$ 158,325</u>

# **Depreciation and Amortization**

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Intangible assets Investment properties	\$ 106,911 457,875 21,745 <u>8,661</u>	\$ 99,949 466,346 21,124 8,729
	<u>\$ 595,192</u>	<u>\$ 596,148</u>
An analysis of depreciation by function Operating costs General and administrative expenses Other losses	\$ 503,650 61,136 8,661 \$ 573,447	\$ 530,185 36,110 8,729 \$ 575,024
An analysis of amortization by function Operating costs General and administrative expenses	\$ 183 21,562 \$ 21,745	\$ 1,194 

## **Operating Expenses Directly Related to Investment Properties**

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Direct operating expenses from investment properties		
Generating rental income	\$ 14,775	\$ 14,139
Not generating rental income	<u>90</u>	<u>139</u>
	<u>\$ 14,865</u>	<u>\$ 14,278</u>

## **Employee Benefits Expense**

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Short term employee benefits expense (including salary expense and labor and health insurance expense)	\$ 6,735,884	\$ 6,110,086
Post-employment benefits	<del>φ 0,720,001</del>	<u> </u>
Defined contribution plan	212,531	196,764
Defined benefit plan (Note 21)	1,750	1,108
	214,281	197,872
Remuneration of directors	9,975	10,390
Other employee benefits	222,022	217,118
Total employee benefits	\$ 7,182,162	\$ 6,535,466
Summary by function		
Operating costs	\$ 6,398,387	\$ 5,855,961
General and administrative expenses	<u>783,775</u>	679,505
	\$ 7,182,162	\$ 6,535,466

## **Compensation of Employees and Remuneration of Directors**

In accordance with the Company's Articles of incorporation, the Company accrued compensation of employees and remuneration of directors at the rates no less than 1% and no higher than 1%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, compensation of employees, and remuneration of directors. The compensation of employees and remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 which have been approved by the Company's board of directors on February 26, 2025 and February 26, 2024, respectively, were as follows:

## Accrual rate

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Compensation of employees	1.00%	1.00%
Remuneration of directors	0.22%	0.25%

#### **Amount**

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023 Cash
	Cash	
Compensation of employees	\$ 22,833	\$ 21,724
Remuneration of directors	5,000	5,410

If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the date the annual financial statements were authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate in the following year.

There is no difference between the actual amounts of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors and supervisors paid and the amounts recognized in the financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Information on the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors resolved by the Company's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

# **Impairment Loss on Non-financial Assets**

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Investment property (included in other operating income and		
expenses, net)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 10,360</u>

#### 25. INCOME TAXES RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATION

a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

The major components of tax expense were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
In respect of the current year Current tax Income tax expense of unappropriated earnings Land value increment tax Deferred tax	\$ 414,121 5,906 70 56,162	\$ 377,264 21,422 217 (8,596)
	476,259	390,307
In respect of the prior years	(4.50.5)	( <b>7</b> 000)
Current tax	(4,696)	(5,992)
Deferred tax	(481) (5,177)	(5,992)
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 471,082</u>	<u>\$ 384,315</u>

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expenses is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 3			
	2024	2023		
Profit before tax from continuing operations	<u>\$ 2,255,472</u>	\$ 2,145,295		
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate	\$ 451,094	\$ 429,059		
Nondeductible expenses in determining taxable income	80	9		
Tax-exempt income	(30,043)	(93,324)		
Additional income tax on unappropriated earnings	5,906	21,422		
Tax of controlled foreign company income	44,302	28,643		
Land value increment tax	70	217		
Adjustments for prior years' tax	(4,696)	(5,992)		
Unrecognized deductible temporary differences	4,369	4,281		
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 471,082</u>	\$ 384,315		

# b. Income tax expenses recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2024	2023		
<u>Deferred tax</u>				
In respect of the current year				
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	<u>\$ 12,799</u>	<u>\$ 743</u>		
Current tax assets and liabilities				
	December 31			
	2024	2023		
Current tax assets				

# d. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Tax refund receivables

Current tax liabilities Income tax payables

c.

The Company has offset certain deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities which met the offset criteria.

5,052

\$ 408,137

\$ 234,902

The movements of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities were as follows:

# For the year ended December 31, 2024

		Recognized in Other	
Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Comprehensive Income	<b>Closing Balance</b>
\$ 11,413 1,265	\$ (1,083)	\$ -	\$ 10,330 1,265 32,032
20,769	(12,234)	<u> </u>	8,535 8,535
<u>\$ 105,433</u>	<u>\$ (53,271)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 52,162</u>
<u>\$ 33,628</u>	<u>\$ 2,410</u>	<u>\$ 12,799</u>	<u>\$ 48,837</u>
31, 2023			
Onening	Recognized in	Recognized in Other	
Balance	Profit or Loss	Income	<b>Closing Balance</b>
\$ 8,465	\$ 2,948	\$ -	\$ 11,413
1,265 64,299	- 7 <b>.</b> 687	-	1,265 71,986
20,537	232		20,769
<u>\$ 94,566</u>	<u>\$ 10,867</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 105,433</u>
	\$ 11,413  1,265 71,986 20,769  \$ 105,433  \$ 33,628  Calculate the second	\$ 11,413 \$ (1,083)  1,265	Opening Balance         Recognized in Profit or Loss         Other Comprehensive Income           \$ 11,413         \$ (1,083)         \$ -           \$ 1,265         -         -           \$ 71,986         (39,954)         -           \$ 20,769         (12,234)         -           \$ 105,433         \$ (53,271)         \$ -           \$ 33,628         \$ 2,410         \$ 12,799           * 31, 2023         ** Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income           \$ 8,465         \$ 2,948         \$ -           \$ 1,265         -         -           64,299         7,687         -           20,537         232         -

## e. Income tax assessments

The Company's tax returns through 2022 have been assessed by the tax authorities.

#### 26. EARNINGS PER SHARE

**Unit: NT\$ Per Share** 

	For the Year En	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2024	2023			
Basic EPS	<u>\$ 2.42</u>	<u>\$ 2.39</u>			
Diluted EPS	<u>\$ 2.42</u>	<u>\$ 2.39</u>			

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share from continuing operations were as follows:

#### **Net Profit for the Year**

	For the Year End	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023		
Profit for the year	<u>\$ 1,784,390</u>	\$ 1,760,980		

## Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares Outstanding (In Thousands of Shares)

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2024	2023		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the				
computation of basic earnings per share	736,847	736,847		
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares				
Bonus issued to employees	905	<u>801</u>		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	<u>737,752</u>	<u>737,648</u>		

Since the Company is allowed to settle the compensation to employees by cash or shares, the Company presumed that the entire amount of the compensation will be settled in shares and the resulting potential shares are included in the weighted average number of outstanding shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share, as the shares have a dilutive effect. The number of shares is estimated by dividing the entire amount of the bonus by the closing price of the shares at the balance sheet date. The dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share until the shareholders resolve the number of shares to be distributed to employees at their meeting in the following year.

## 27. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

## **Changes in Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities**

For the year ended December 31, 2024

		Opening				Non-cash	ı Cha	nges		ash Flow from perating	Closing
		Balance	Ca	ash Flows	No	ew Leases		Other	A	ctivities	Balance
Bonds payable (including											
current portion)	\$	900,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 900,000
Short-term borrowings		1,398,621		(900,002)		-		-		-	498,619
Long-term borrowings											
(including current portion)		4,849,714		850,286		-		-		-	5,700,000
Guarantee deposits received		25,440		1,192		-		-		-	26,632
Other payables to related											
parties		2,504,190		101,090		-		-		-	2,605,280
Lease liabilities	_	2,885,574		(437,852)		641,932		5,446		(45,795)	 3,049,305
	\$	12,563,539	\$	(385,286)	\$	641,932	\$	5,446	\$	(45,795)	\$ 12,779,836

## For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Opening		Non-cash Changes					ash Flow from perating	Closing			
		Balance	(	Cash Flows	N	ew Leases		Other	A	ctivities		Balance
Bonds payable (including												
current portion)	\$	4,600,000	\$	(3,700,000)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	900,000
Short-term borrowings		-		1,398,621		-		-		-		1,398,621
Long-term borrowings												
(including current portion)		3,799,931		1,049,783		-		-		-		4,849,714
Guarantee deposits received		32,150		(6,710)		-		-		-		25,440
Other payables to related												
parties		979,880		1,524,310		-		-		-		2,504,190
Lease liabilities	_	3,003,258	_	(452,968)	_	425,229		(52,534)	_	(37,411)	_	2,885,574
	\$	12,415,219	\$	(186,964)	\$	425,229	\$	(52,534)	\$	(37,411)	\$	12,563,539

#### 28. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as a going concerns while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance, and continuously managing capital risk.

Key management personnel of the Company review the capital structure on a quarterly basis. Based on recommendations of the key management personnel, in order to balance the overall capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, the number of new shares issued or repurchased, and/or the amount of new debt issued or existing debt redeemed.

## 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value

Except as detailed in the following table, management believes the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the financial statements approximate their fair values or their fair values cannot be reliably measured.

## December 31, 2024

	Carrying	Fair Value Hierarchy					
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial liabilities							
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost - bonds payable	\$ 900,000	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 869,656</u>	<u>\$ 869,656</u>		
<u>December 31, 2023</u>							
	Carrying		Fair Value	Hierarchy			
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial liabilities							
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost - bonds payable	<u>\$ 900,000</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 873,107</u>	<u>\$ 873,107</u>		

The fair values of the financial liabilities included in the Level 3 category above have been determined in accordance with quoted market price provided by third party pricing services.

## b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis

# 1) Fair value hierarchy

## December 31, 2024

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Domestic limited partnership	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,071</u>	\$ 6,071
Financial assets at FVTOCI Investments in equity instruments				
Domestic listed shares	\$ 135,638	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135,638
Domestic unlisted shares	-	-	44,639	44,639
Foreign unlisted shares		<u>-</u>	38,352	38,352
	<u>\$ 135,638</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 82,991</u>	<u>\$ 218,629</u>

## December 31, 2023

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Domestic limited partnership	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 4,614</u>	<u>\$ 4,614</u>
Financial assets at FVTOCI Investments in equity instruments				
Domestic listed shares  Domestic unlisted shares	\$ 127,300	\$ - -	\$ - 101,216	\$ 127,300 101,216
	\$ 127,300	<u> </u>	\$ 101,216	\$ 228,516

There were no transfers between fair value hierarchy levels in the current and prior periods.

## 2) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments

## For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Financial Assets at FVTPL	Financial Assets at FVTOCI
Balance at January 1, 2024 Additions Disposals Recognized in profit or loss Recognized in other comprehensive income	\$ 4,614 2500 - (1,043)	\$ 101,216 38,352 (58,927) - 2,350
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 6,071</u>	<u>\$ 82,991</u>
For the year ended December 31, 2023		
	Financial Assets at FVTPL	Financial Assets at FVTOCI

	at FVTPL	at FVTOCI		
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 2,500	\$ 105,404		
Additions	2,500	-		
Capital returned due to capital reduction	-	(10,000)		
Recognized in profit or loss	(386)	-		
Recognized in other comprehensive income		5,812		
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 4,614</u>	<u>\$ 101,216</u>		

## 3) Valuation technique and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

The fair value of domestic unlisted shares and domestic limited partnership were Level 3 financial assets and determined using the fair value of the valuation target, the total value of individual assets and liabilities covered by the valuation target is assessed based on the balance sheet, at the same time taking into consideration the liquidity discount and the discount for lack of marketability, in order to reflect the overall value of the target company.

The fair value of foreign unlisted shares were Level 3 financial assets and determined using the fair value of the evaluation target can be obtained by using the transaction price of the enterprises which are similar to the evaluation target in the active market with consideration of implied value multiplier and liquidity discount.

Due to the lack of quoted prices in an active market, the fair values of the Company's investments in equity instruments categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are determined based on reference to valuations widely used by market participants, the net asset value of the investment target, and quotes from counterparties. Quantitative information is not disclosed since it is not possible to fully grasp the relationship between the unobservable inputs and the fair value.

#### c. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31				
	2024	2023			
Financial assets					
FVTPL					
Mandatorily classified as at FVTPL	\$ 6,071	\$ 4,614			
Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 1)	4,764,841	4,371,669			
Financial assets at FVTOCI	218,629	228,516			
Financial liabilities					
Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 2)	10,247,046	10,218,000			

Note 1: The balance included financial assets measured at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, trade receivables (including overdue receivables and related parties), financial lease receivables, other receivables (including related parties), other financial assets and refundable deposits.

Note 2: The balance included financial liabilities measured at amortized cost, which comprise notes payable, other payables (including related parties), bonds payable, short-term borrowings, long-term borrowings (including current portion of long-term borrowings), and guarantee deposits received.

## Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's major financial instruments included equity, notes receivable, trade receivables, notes payable, other payables, bonds payable, lease liabilities and borrowings. The Company's Corporate Treasury function provides services to the business and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company seeks to ensure sufficient funding readily available when needed with the objective to reduce the potentially adverse effects the market uncertainties may have on its financial performance.

The plans for material treasury activities are reviewed by Audit Committees and/or Board of Directors in accordance with procedures required by relevant regulations or internal controls. During the implementation of such plans, Corporate Treasury function must comply with certain treasury procedures that provide guiding principles for overall financial risk management and segregation of duties. Compliance with policies and exposure limits is reviewed by the internal auditors on a continuous basis.

#### a. Market risk

The Company's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see (1) below), interest rates (see (2) below) and other price risk (see (3) below).

#### 1) Foreign currency exchange

Most of the Company's operating activities in Taiwan are denominated in New Taiwan dollars. Therefore, the operating activities in Taiwan are not exposed to foreign currency risk. The Company took foreign operations as strategic investments and did not hedge the risk.

For the carrying amounts of the Company's monetary assets and monetary liabilities denominated in non-functional currencies at the end of the reporting period, refer to Note 33.

### Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Company's sensitivity to a 1% increase and decrease in the New Taiwan dollar ("NTD", the functional currency) against the relevant foreign currencies. A negative number below indicates an increase in profit before income tax or equity where the NTD strengthens 1% against the relevant currency. For a 1% weakening of the NTD against the relevant currency, the balances below would be negative if the other factors remain unchanged.

	For the Year Ended December 31							
		2024		2023				
	USD	MYR	RMB	USD	MYR	RMB		
Equity	\$ 63,878	\$ 32,461	\$ -	\$ 71,525	\$ 19,383	\$ -		
Profit or loss	2,474	7,367	(15,671)	(8,034)	414	1		

## 2) Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on investments and borrowings; interest rates could be fixed or floating. The investments and part of borrowings are fixed-interest rates and measured at amortized cost, and changes in interest will not affect future cash flows. Another part of borrowings are floating-interest rates, and changes in interest will affect future cash flows, but will not affect fair value.

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of reporting period were as follows:

	December 31				
	2024	2023			
Fair value interest rate risk					
Financial assets	\$ 1,630,927	\$ 1,388,092			
Financial liabilities	7,697,924	7,833,909			
Cash flow interest rate risk					
Financial assets	5,000	5,000			
Financial liabilities	2,450,000	2,200,000			

## Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The Company was exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to floating rate financial assets or liabilities, and the financial assets, short-term and long-term borrowings will be affected by the changes in market interest rate accordingly. If the market interest rate increased/decreased by 1%, the Company's cash outflow will increase/decrease by \$24,450 thousand and \$21,950 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### 3) Other price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk through its investments in domestic listed and unlisted shares.

If equity prices had been 1% higher/lower, pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$61 thousand and \$46 thousand as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL, and the pre-tax other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$2,186 thousand and \$2,285 thousand as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI.

#### b. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risk from operating activities, primarily trade receivables, and from investing activities, primarily the fixed-income investments and other financial instruments.

#### Business related credit risk

The Company is mainly engaged in the operation of real-estate brokerage business, and the customers of the Company are the people who buy and sell houses. The revenue from agency service is also received through the housing performance guarantee, so the concentration credit risk of trade receivable is immaterial.

## Financial credit risk

The credit risk of bank deposits, fixed-income investments and other financial instruments are regularly controlled and monitored by the Company's Corporate Treasury function. The counterparties to the foregoing financial instruments are reputable financial institutions and business organizations. Management does not expect the Company's exposure to default by those parties to be material.

## c. Liquidity risk

The Company's current liability exceeds its current assets of \$2,848,535 thousand. The Company currently has unused borrowing limit \$17,819,250 thousand sufficient to meet all contractual obligations, so there is no liquidity risk with being unable to raise funds to perform contractual obligations.

The Company manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a certain level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Company's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Company relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company had available unutilized bank loan facilities as follows:

	December 31			
	2024	2023		
Unsecured bank overdraft facility, reviewed annually: Amount used Amount unused	\$ 3,350,000 10,629,250	\$ 3,100,000 11,125,250		
	<u>\$ 13,979,250</u>	\$ 14,225,250		
Secured bank overdraft facility: Amount used Amount unused	\$ 2,850,000 <u>7,190,000</u>	\$ 3,150,000 6,284,675		
	<u>\$ 10,040,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,434,675</u>		

## Liquidity and interest rate risk tables for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Company's remaining contractual maturities for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed upon repayment periods. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause were included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities were based on the agreed upon repayment dates.

## December 31, 2024

	Le	Demand or ess than 1 Month	1 Month to 1 Year	1	-5 Years	5+ Y	ears
Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Floating interest rate liabilities Fixed interest rate liabilities	\$	319,204 39,130 4,070 6,884	\$ 5,036,143 439,217 1,158,167 565,705		905,311 1,737,173 1,462,507 4,225,335	\$ 1,03	- 89,651 - -
	<u>\$</u>	369,288	\$ 7,199,232	<u>\$</u>	8,330,326	\$ 1,03	<u>89,651</u>

Additional information about the maturity analysis for financial liabilities:

	On Deman or Less tha 1 Month		1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10-20 Years
Lease liabilities	\$ 39,13	<u>0</u> <u>\$ 439,217</u>	\$ 1,737,173	\$ 900,484	<u>\$ 139,167</u>

# December 31, 2023

	Le	Demand or ess than 1 Month	1 Month to 1 Year	1	-5 Years	5+ Years	
Non-interest bearing	\$	562,402	\$ 5,038,648	\$	628,604	\$	_
Lease liabilities		40,195	435,253		1,680,222	8	381,503
Floating interest rate liabilities		3,267	165,579		2,273,468		-
Fixed interest rate liabilities		7,057	1,605,669		4,929,544	9	910,310
	\$	612,921	<u>\$ 7,245,149</u>	\$	9,511,838	<u>\$ 1,7</u>	791,813

Additional information about the maturity analysis for financial liabilities:

	or I	Demand Less than Month	1 N	Month to 1 Year	į	1-5 Years	5-	10 Years	10-	20 Years
Lease liabilities Fixed interest rate	\$	40,195	\$	435,253	\$	1,680,222	\$	839,591	\$	41,912
liabilities		7,057		1,605,669	_	4,929,544		910,310		
	\$	47,252	\$	2,040,922	\$	6,609,766	\$	<u>1,749,901</u>	\$	41,912

# 30. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

a. Related parties and their Relationships with the Company

Related Party	Relationship with the Company
Sinyi Land Administration Agent Joint Office	Related party in substance
Sinyi Cultural Foundation	Related party in substance
Sinyi Public Welfare Foundation	Related party in substance
Taiwan Regional Revitalization Foundation	Related party in substance
Sinyi Real Estate Appraisal Office	Related party in substance
Yu-Hao Co., Ltd.	Corporate shareholder (direct investment using the equity method)
Sinyi Co., Ltd.	Corporate shareholder (direct investment using the equity method)(Note)
Yu-Heng Co., Ltd.	Corporate shareholder (indirect investment using the equity method)
Ken Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Sin-Heng Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Sinyi Interior Design Co., Ltd.	Associate
Rakuya International Info. Co., Ltd	Associate
GUDO Co., Ltd	Associate
Leju Technology Co., Ltd	Associate
5	(Continued)

Related Party	Relationship with the Company
An-Sin Real Estate Management Ltd.	Subsidiaries
Sinyi Global Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries
Jui-Inn Consultants Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries
Yowoo Technology Inc.	Subsidiaries
Sinyi Development Inc.	Subsidiaries
An-Shin Real Estate Management Ltd.	Subsidiaries
Sinyi Realty Inc. Japan	Subsidiaries
Da-Chia Construction Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries
Heng-Yi Intelligent Technology Inc.	Subsidiaries
Sinyi Real Estate Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries
Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited	Subsidiaries
Sinyi International Limited	Subsidiaries
Jin Mei Travel Service Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries
Chengjing Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Subsidiaries
Sinyi Culture Publishing Inc	Subsidiaries
	(Concluded)

Note: On May 22, 2024, Sinyi Co., Ltd. has resigned from its position as the Company's director, but remained as the Company's direct shareholder applying in the equity method.

## b. Trade receivables from related parties

	December 31				
		2023			
An-Sin Real Estate Management Ltd. Sinyi Realty Inc. Japan Sinyi Development Inc.	\$	71,523 20,067	\$	100,706 24,603 31,508	
	\$	91,590	\$	156,817	

Trade receivables from related parties represent brokerage services fees collected from customers on behalf of the Company. The related parties will transfer the amount to the Company after closing the deals.

## c. Other receivables from related parties

		Decem	iber 31		
	-	2024	,	2023	
Other related parties					
Related parties in substance	\$	2,381	\$	1,137	
Subsidiaries					
Sinyi Development Inc.		851,230		450,322	
Others		15,221		15,457	
	<u>\$</u>	868,832	<u>\$</u>	466,916	

Other receivables from related parties are mainly loans to related parties (refer to note f), management consulting services receivable and rental receivable.

# d. Other payables to related parties

		Decem	ber 31	
	2	024	2	023
Other related parties				
Related parties in substance	\$	326	\$	247
Associate		1,472		-
Subsidiaries				
Sinyi International Limited	2,	513,001	2,	400,153
Sinyi Global Asset Management Co., Ltd.		155,271		144,181
Others		1,798		1,915
	<u>\$ 2,</u>	<u>671,868</u>	<u>\$ 2,</u>	<u>546,496</u>

Other payables to related parties are mainly loans to related parties (refer to note e) and payables for manpower dispatch services.

# e. Loans from related parties

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Other payables to related parties			
Subsidiaries			
Sinyi International Limited	\$ 2,485,280	\$ 2,374,190	
Sinyi Global Asset Management Co., Ltd.	120,000	130,000	
	<u>\$ 2,605,280</u>	\$ 2,504,190	
Interest expense			
	For the Year End	ded December 31	
	2024	2023	
Subsidiaries			
Sinyi Global Asset Management Co., Ltd.	\$ 1,926	\$ 2,016	
Sinyi International Limited	<del>_</del>	14,060	
	<u>\$ 1,926</u>	<u>\$ 16,076</u>	

The Company obtained loans from related parties for financing purposes at rates comparable to market interest rates. The loans from related parties are unsecured.

## f. Borrowings to related parties

	December 31			
	2024	2023		
Other receivables from related parties				
Subsidiaries				
Sinyi Development Inc.	\$ 847,000	\$ 446,908		
Jin Mei Travel Service Co., Ltd.	5,000	5,000		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	<u>\$ 852,000</u>	<u>\$ 451,908</u>		
<u>Interest income</u>	For the Year End	ded December 31 2023		
	2024	2023		
Subsidiaries				
Sinyi Development Inc.	\$ 12,586	\$ 8,890		
Jin Mei Travel Service Co., Ltd.	87	69		

The financing provided to related parties was at an interest rate close to market rate. The unsecured borrowings is expected to be required within a year. There will not be expected credit lost after evaluation.

8,959

12,673

## g. Remuneration of key management personnel

	For the	Year En	ded De	cember 31
	202	:4		2023
Short-term employee benefits Other long-term employee benefits		6,753 8,718	\$	67,815 6,441
	<u>\$ 7</u>	5,471	<u>\$</u>	74,256

Other long-term employee benefits included a long-term incentive plan approved by the Company's board of directors to encourage senior management to contribute further to the sustainable growth of the Company. Senior managers will be entitled to such incentive when they continue to serve for two years starting from the following year after obtaining the qualification and the bonus is calculated on the basis of the Company's operating performance or individual performance.

## h. Other transactions with related parties

## 1) Service revenue

	For the Year En	ded December 31
	2024	2023
Subsidiaries Others	\$ 123.895	\$ 135.862
Others	<u>\$ 123,893</u>	<u>\$ 133,802</u>

Service revenue is mainly derived from real estate brokerage services provided to the related parties.

## 2) Rental income

	For t	he Year En	ded De	cember 31
		2024		2023
Other related parties				
Related parties in substance	\$	8,573	\$	7,556
Corporate shareholder (direct investment using the equity method)		114		114
Corporate shareholder (indirect investment using the				
equity method)		57		57
Associates		34		34
Subsidiaries				
An-Shin Real Estate Management Ltd.		7,094		7,121
Sinyi Development Inc.		3,941		3,883
Others		577		330
	\$	20,390	\$	19,095

The rental rates are based on the prevailing rates in the surrounding area. The Company collects rentals from related parties on a monthly basis.

# 3) Other benefits and losses

	For th	ne Year En	ded De	cember 31
	:	2024		2023
Other related parties				
Related parties in substance	\$	1,382	\$	770
Corporate shareholder (indirect investment using the				
equity method)		-		190
Subsidiaries				
Sinyi Realty Inc. Japan		20,086		17,670
Sinyi Development Inc.		4,421		6,511
An-Shin Real Estate Management Ltd.		6,269		5,558
Sinyi Global Asset Management Co., Ltd.		6,079		5,706
Others		14		(286)
	\$	38,251	\$	36,119

Other benefits and losses are mainly derived from management consulting services provided to the related parties and their income.

#### 4) Services costs

	For th	ne Year En	ded De	cember 31
		2024		2023
Other related party				
Related parties in substance	\$	3,568	\$	3,068
Associates		8,563		-
Subsidiaries				
Others		16,768		18,339
	<u>\$</u>	28,899	\$	21,407

## 5) General and administrative expenses

	For th	ne Year En	ded De	cember 31
		2024		2023
Other related party				
Related parties in substance Associates	\$	9,358 6,978	\$	5,238
Subsidiaries Others		7,473		7,020
	<u>\$</u>	23,809	\$	12,258

Services costs and general and administrative expenses are mainly payment for services related to real estate registration services, document retrieval services, rental expense and performance guarantee services provided by other related parties and subsidiaries.

## 6) Sublease agreements

#### Lease agreements

In 2024, the Company leased a right-of-use asset to Sinyi Global Asset Management Co., Ltd. through a finance lease. The net amount of lease investment at the lease commencement date was NT\$2,240 thousand, with a lease term of 4 years. The contract's average implicit interest rate is approximately 1.9% per annum. The rental payments are based on the rental levels of similar assets and are received monthly as fixed lease payments in accordance with the lease agreement.

As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding receivable from finance lease amounted to NT\$2,009 thousand. No allowance for losses has been recognized on the receivable from finance lease for the year 2024. Additionally, the interest income recognized from finance lease rentals for the year 2024 amounted to NT\$14 thousand.

## 7) Endorsement and guarantee

As of December 31, 2024, the Company has provided endorsement guarantees for financing facilities to Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited Sinyi International Limited and Sinyi Development Inc., with outstanding amounts of NT\$54,095 thousand, NT\$1,529,420 thousand and NT\$65,570 thousand, respectively. Additionally, Sinyi International Limited has provided endorsement guarantees for the Company's financing facilities, with an outstanding amount of NT\$5,573,450 thousand. The Company has also provided endorsement guarantees for Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited, An-Sin Construction Management Co., Ltd., and Sinyi International Limited, with outstanding amounts of NT\$50,663 thousand, NT\$2,600,000 thousand, and NT\$204,188 thousand, respectively. Furthermore, Sinyi International Limited has provided endorsement guarantees for the Company's financing facilities, with an outstanding amount of NT\$5,219,850 thousand

#### 8) Others

#### Services costs

The company provides real estate agency services for Sinyi Development Inc. and receives business bonuses according to the contract. The payment recorded as a deduction from service costs are amounted to \$1,024 thousand and \$2,070 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### 31. MORTGAGE OR PLEDGED ASSETS

The Company's assets mortgaged or pledged as collateral for bank loans, other financial institutions or other contracts were as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Property, plant and equipment (including investment properties)			
Land	\$ 4,125,647	\$ 4,125,647	
Building	336,215	351,626	
Other financial assets - pledged time deposits	101,716	97,032	
	<u>\$ 4,563,578</u>	<u>\$ 4,574,305</u>	

#### 32. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, significant contingencies and unrecognized commitments of the Company were as follows:

- a. The Company is involved in claims that arise in the ordinary course of brokerage and escrow business; the other party may claim against the Company through legal proceedings. On the basis of past experience and consultations with legal counsel, management of the Company has measured the possible effects of the contingent lawsuits on its financial condition in brokerage and escrow business.
- b. Guarantee notes submitted as guarantees for real-estate brokerage business amounted to \$5,000 thousand.

# 33. EXCHANGE RATE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Company's significant financial assets and liabilities, denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

# December 31, 2024

	Foreign Currency		New Taiwan Dollars
	(In Thousands)	<b>Exchange Rate</b>	(In Thousands)
Financial assets			
Monetary items	<b>.</b> 25.546	22.505	ф. 1.1 <i>65</i> .205
USD MYR	\$ 35,546	32.785 7.338	\$ 1,165,385
RMB	100,393 39	4.478	736,655 175
JPY	132,353	0.2099	27,781
Non-monetary items	102,000	0.2033	27,701
USD	194,839	32.785	6,387,779
MYR	442,383	7.338	3,246,078
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD	28,000	32.785	917,980
RMB	350,000	4.478	1,567,300
December 31, 2023			
	Foreign Currency		New Taiwan Dollars
	_	Exchange Rate	
Financial assets	Currency	Exchange Rate	<b>Dollars</b>
Monetary items	Currency (In Thousands)	Ü	Dollars (In Thousands)
Monetary items USD	Currency (In Thousands)	30.705	Dollars (In Thousands) \$ 56,299
Monetary items USD MYR	Currency (In Thousands) \$ 1,834 6,189	30.705 6.682	Dollars (In Thousands) \$ 56,299 41,354
Monetary items USD MYR RMB	Currency (In Thousands) \$ 1,834 6,189 350,016	30.705 6.682 4.327	Dollars (In Thousands) \$ 56,299 41,354 1,514,520
Monetary items USD MYR RMB JPY	Currency (In Thousands) \$ 1,834 6,189	30.705 6.682	Dollars (In Thousands) \$ 56,299 41,354
Monetary items USD MYR RMB	Currency (In Thousands) \$ 1,834 6,189 350,016	30.705 6.682 4.327	Dollars (In Thousands) \$ 56,299 41,354 1,514,520
Monetary items USD MYR RMB JPY Non-monetary items	Currency (In Thousands) \$ 1,834 6,189 350,016 5,001	30.705 6.682 4.327 0.217	Dollars (In Thousands) \$ 56,299 41,354 1,514,520 1,086
Monetary items USD MYR RMB JPY Non-monetary items USD	Currency (In Thousands)  \$ 1,834 6,189 350,016 5,001 232,943	30.705 6.682 4.327 0.217 30.705	* 56,299 41,354 1,514,520 1,086 7,152,503
Monetary items USD MYR RMB JPY Non-monetary items USD MYR  Financial liabilities  Monetary items	Currency (In Thousands)  \$ 1,834 6,189 350,016 5,001  232,943 290,072	30.705 6.682 4.327 0.217 30.705 6.682	\$ 56,299 41,354 1,514,520 1,086 7,152,503 1,938,350
Monetary items USD MYR RMB JPY Non-monetary items USD MYR  Financial liabilities	Currency (In Thousands)  \$ 1,834 6,189 350,016 5,001 232,943	30.705 6.682 4.327 0.217 30.705	* 56,299 41,354 1,514,520 1,086 7,152,503

The Company is mainly exposed to foreign currency risk from the USD. The following information was aggregated by the functional currencies of the Company, and the exchange rates between respective functional currencies and the presentation currencies were disclosed. The realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31										
	202	24	2023								
Functional Currency	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gain	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gain							
NTD	1 (NTD:NTD)	<u>\$ 137,393</u>	1 (NTD:NTD)	<u>\$ 1,129</u>							

#### 34. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

Information on significant transactions and information on investees:

- a. Financing provided: Table 1 (see the attached)
- b. Endorsements/guarantees provided to others: Table 2 (see the attached)
- c. Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities): Table 3 (see the attached)
- d. Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 4 (see the attached)
- e. Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 5 (see the attached)
- f. Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- g. Total purchases from or sales to related parties of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- h. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital:
- i. Trading in derivative instruments: None
- j. Information on investees: Table 6 (see the attached)

Information on investments in mainland China:

- a. Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, shareholding ratio, investment gain or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period, repatriated investment gains, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area: Table 7 (see the attached)
- b. Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses:
  - 1) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the period: None

- 2) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the period: None
- 3) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses: None
- 4) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the period and the purposes: Table 2 (see the attached)
- 5) The highest balance, the end of period balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to financing of funds: Table 1 (see the attached)
- 6) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receiving of services: None

Information on major shareholders:

The name of major shareholders, number of shares, percentage of ownership about the ownership of 5% or greater: Table 8 (see the attached)

#### 35. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company had disclosed its segment information in accordance with the regulations in the consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. The disclosure of segment information is not required for the Company's separate financial statements.

#### SINYI REALTY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCING PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Financing Company	Borrower	Financial Statement Account	Related Parties	Maximum Balance for the Year	Ending Balance	Actual Appropriation				Short-term	Allowance for	Ending Bala	nce of Collateral	l Financing Limit	Financing	Remark (Note 9)	
No.									Type of Financing	Transaction Amounts		Doubtful Accounts	Item	Value	for Each Borrowing Company	Company's Financing Amount Limits		
0	Sinyi Realty Inc.	Sinyi Development Inc.	Other receivables	Yes	\$ 1,847,000	\$ 847,000	\$ 847,000	1.77%	Short-term financing	\$ -	Working capital	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 4,149,102 (Note 1)	\$ 5,532,136 (Note 1)	\$ 1	12,586
		Jin Mei Travel Service Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	10,000	5,000	5,000	1.76%	Short-term financing	-	Working capital	-	-	-	4,149,102 (Note 1)	5,532,136 (Note 1)		87
		Yowoo Technology Inc.	Other receivables	Yes	2,000	-	-	-	Short-term financing	-	Working capital	-	-	-	4,149,102 (Note 1)	5,532,136 (Note 1)		-
1	Sinyi Global Asset Management Co., Ltd	Sinyi Realty Inc.	Other receivables	Yes	130,000	120,000	120,000	1.76%	Short-term financing	-	Working capital	-	-	-	377,949 (Note 2)	629,915 (Note 2)		1,926
2	Sinyi International Limited	Sinyi Realty Inc.	Other receivables	Yes	3,441,278 (US\$ 104,965 thousand)	3,441,278 (US\$ 104,965 thousand)	2,523,298 (US\$ 76,965 thousand)	0.00%	Short-term financing (Note 8)	-	Working capital	-	-	-	8,630,417 (Note 3)	10,788,022 (Note 3)		-
		Zhancheng Tourism	Other receivables	Yes	229,845	52,456	52,456	0.00%	Short-term	-	Working capital	-	-	-	8,630,417	10,788,022		-
		Development Sdn. Bhd.			(US\$ 7,000 thousand)	(US\$ 1,600 thousand)	(US\$ 1,600 thousand)		financing (Note 8)						(Note 3)	(Note 3)		
3	Jiu Xin Estate (Wuxi) Limited	Sinyi Real Estate (Shanghai) Limited	Other receivables	Yes	195,982 (RMB 43,600 thousand)	195,241 (RMB 43,600 thousand)	195,241 (RMB 43,600 thousand)	4.75%	Short-term financing (Note 8)	-	Working capital	-	-	-	1,171,830 (Note 4)	1,953,051 (Note 4)		9,001
		Suzhou Sinyi Real Estate Inc	Other receivables	Yes	13,635 (RMB 3,000	13,434	13,434 (RMB 3,000	4.75%	Short-term	-	Working capital	-	-	-	1,171,830	1,953,051		545
					thousand)	(RMB 3,000 thousand)	thousand)		financing (Note 8)						(Note 4)	(Note 4)		
4	Sinyi Morefun Tourism Development Ltd.	Sinyi International Limited	Other receivables	Yes	26,268 (US\$ 800	26,228 (US\$ 800	26,228 (US\$ 800	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Working capital	-	-	-	30,725 (Note 5)	46,087 (Note 5)		-
					thousand)	thousand)	thousand)		(Note 8)							` ,		
5	Sinyi Limited	Sinyi International Limited	Other receivables	Yes	31,193 (US\$ 950	31,146 (US\$ 950	31,146 (US\$ 950	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Working capital	-	-	-	134,180 (Note 6)	167,725 (Note 6)		-
					thousand)	thousand)	thousand)		(Note 8)							( 2)		
6	Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited	Sinyi International Limited	Other receivables	Yes	35,080 (US\$ 1,070	35,080 (US\$ 1,070	35,080 (US\$ 1,070	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Working capital	-	-	-	170,573 (Note 7)	213,217 (Note 7)		-
					thousand)	thousand)	thousand)		(Note 8)						, , ,	` '		

- Note 1: The maximum total financing provided should not exceed 40% of Sinyi Realty Inc.'s net worth. The individual lending amount should not exceed 30% of Sinyi Realty Inc.'s net worth.
- Note 2: The financing provided by Sinyi Global Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("Sinyi Global") for borrowing company which is owned 100% of its voting shares directly or indirectly by Sinyi Global or Sinyi Global or Sinyi Global or Sinyi Global or Sinyi Global" snet worth. The individual lending amount should not exceed 3 times of Sinyi Global's net worth.
- Note 3: The financing provided by Sinyi International Limited ("Sinyi International") for borrowing company which is owned 100% of its voting shares directly or indirectly by Sinyi International or Sinyi Realty Inc., the maximum total financing provided should not exceed 100% of Sinyi International's net worth. The individual lending amount should not exceed 80% of Sinyi International's net worth.
- Note 4: The financing provided by Jiu Xin Estate (Wuxi) Limited ("Jiu Xi Estate") for borrowing company which is owned 100% of its voting shares directly or indirectly by Jiu Xin Estate or Sinyi Realty Inc., the maximum total financing provided should not exceed 50% of Jiu Xin Estate's net worth. The individual lending amount should not exceed 30% of Jiu Xin Estate's net worth.
- Note 5: The financing provided by Sinyi Morefun Tourism Development Ltd. ("Sinyi Morefun") for borrowing company which is owned 100% of its voting shares directly or indirectly by Sinyi Morefun or Sinyi Realty Inc., the maximum total financing provided should not exceed 150% of Sinyi Morefun's net worth. The individual lending amount should not exceed 100% of Sinyi Morefun's net worth.
- Note 6: The financing provided by Sinyi Limited for borrowing company which is owned 100% of its voting shares directly or indirectly by Sinyi Limited or Sinyi Realty Inc., the maximum total financing provided should not exceed 100% of Sinyi Limited's net worth. The individual lending amount should not exceed 80% of Sinyi Limited's net worth.
- Note 7: The financing provided by Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited for borrowing company which is owned 100% of its voting shares directly or indirectly by Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited or Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited or
- Note 8: The restriction provided that such short term, i.e. within one year or the company's operating cycle, financing amount not exceeding 40% of the lender's net worth shall not apply to intercompany loans of funds between overseas subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares.
- Note 9: Interest recognized in the current period.

## SINYI REALTY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# ENDORSEMENT/GUARANTEE PROVIDED TO OTHERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

	Guaranteed Party		Party	Limits on					Ratio of	Maximum Total		T	T	
No.	Endorser/Guarantor	Name	Nature of Relationship	Endorsement/ Guarantee	1 cai	Ending Balance	Actual Appropriation	Amount of Endorsement/ Guarantee Collateralized by Properties	Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity Per Financial Statement (%)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Allowed to Be Provided by the Endorser/ Guarantor	Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries	Guarantee Given by Subsidiaries on Behalf of the Company	Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China	Note
0	Sinyi Realty Inc.	Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited	Indirectly 100% owned subsidiary	\$ 11,064,272 (Note 1)	\$ 54,178 (US\$ 1,650 thousand)	\$ 54,095 (US\$ 1,650 thousand)	\$ -	\$ -	0.39	\$ 20,745,511 (Note 1)	Yes	No	No	Note 5
		An-Sin Real Estate Management Ltd.	Directly 51% owned subsidiary	11,064,272 (Note 1)	2,600,000	_	-	-	-	20,745,511 (Note 1)	Yes	No	No	Note 6
		Sinyi International Limited	Directly 100% owned subsidiary	11,064,272 (Note 1)	1,531,753 (US\$ 46,650 thousand)	(US\$ 1,529,420 (US\$ 46,650 thousand)	-	-	11.06	20,745,511 (Note 1)	Yes	No	No	Note 7
		Sinyi Development Inc.	Directly 100% owned subsidiary	11,064,272 (Note 1)	65,570 (US\$ 2,000 thousand)	65,570 (US\$ 2,000 thousand)	-	-	0.47	20,745,511 (Note 1)	Yes	No	No	Note 8
1	Jiu Xin Estate (Wuxi) Limited	Kunshan Dingxian Trading Co., Ltd.	Business dealings	3,124,881 (Note 2)	(RMB 19,280 (RMB 4,242 thousand)	-	-	-	-	3,906,102 (Note 2)	No	No	Yes	Note 9
2	Limited		Directly 100% owned parent company	8,630,417 (Note 3)	thousand)	5,573,450 (US\$ 170,000 thousand)	1,550,000	1,958,904 (US\$ 49,750 thousand US dollar bonds 10,000 thousand) (Note 13)	51.66	10,788,022 (Note 3)	No	Yes	No	Note 10
		Sinyi Development Inc.	The same parent company	8,630,417 (Note 3)	1,477,575 (US\$ 45,000 thousand)	1,475,325 (US\$ 45,000 thousand)	650,000	868,803 (US\$ 18,500 thousand US dollar bonds 8,000 thousand)	13.68	10,788,022 (Note 3)	No	No	No	Note 11
3	Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited	Sinyi Realty Inc.	Directly 100% owned parent company	639,651 (Note 4)	(US\$ 1,379,070 (US\$ 42,000 thousand)	-	-	-	-	852,868 (Note 4)	No	Yes	No	Note 12

Note 1: For those subsidiaries Sinyi Realty Inc. (hereafter, "the Company") has over 50% ownership directly or indirectly, the limit of endorsement/guarantee amount for each guaranteed party should not exceed 80% of the Company's net worth. The maximum total endorsement/guarantee should not exceed 150% of the Company's net worth.

Note 2: For those subsidiaries which Jiu Xin Estate (Wuxi) Limited (hereafter referred to as "Jiu Xin") has over 80% of ownership directly or indirectly, or the Company holds 100% of the voting shares, the limit of endorsement/guarantee amount for each guaranteed party should not exceed 80% of Jiu Xin's net worth. The maximum total endorsement/guarantee should not exceed 100% of Jiu Xin's net worth.

Note 3: For those subsidiaries which the parent company of Sinyi International Limited (hereafter referred to as "Sinyi International") has 100% of ownership directly, and the parent company of Sinyi International, the limit of endorsement/guarantee amount for each guaranteed party should not exceed 80% of Sinyi International's net worth. The maximum total endorsement/guarantee should not exceed 100% of Sinyi International's net worth.

Note 4: For those subsidiaries which the parent company of Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited (hereafter referred to as "Hong Kong Real Estate") has 100% of ownership directly or indirectly, and the parent company of Hong Kong Real Estate, the limit of endorsement/guarantee amount for each guaranteed party should not exceed 300% of Hong Kong Real Estate's net worth. The maximum total endorsement/guarantee should not exceed 400% of Hong Kong Real Estate's net worth.

(Continued)

- Note 5: In response to the short term foreign currency borrowing needs of the Group's overseas subsidiaries to improve the efficiency of the Group's capital management, the Company shares its part of line of credit of bank with Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited and provides endorsement guarantees in accordance with the terms of the credit.
- Note 6: In response to An-Sin's operational needs, the Company provides endorsement guarantees in accordance with the terms of the credit for the purpose of increasing the credit line of An-Sin, the credit line was terminated in April 2024.
- Note 7: In response to the group's exchange rate hedging needs, the Company provide Sinyi International Limited endorsement guarantee according to the bank quota conditions.
- Note 8: In response to Sinyi Development Inc.'s operational needs, the Company provides endorsement guarantee for the purpose of enabling the Sinyi Development Inc. to issue guaranteed commercial promissory notes.
- Note 9: In response to the demand for building materials purchased by Kunshan Dingxian Trading Co., Ltd. to support the construction project of Jiu Xin, Jiu Xin provides the purchase amount equivalent guarantee at the request of suppliers, the credit line was terminated in April 2024.
- Note 10: In response to the Company's operational needs, Sinyi International provides endorsement guarantees to secure a lower borrowing interest rate limit from the bank for the Company.
- Note 11: In response to Sinyi Development Inc.'s operational needs, Sinyi International provides endorsement guarantee for the purpose of enabling the Sinyi Development Inc. to issue guaranteed commercial promissory notes.
- Note 12: In response to the Company's operational needs, Hong Kong Real Estate provides endorsement guarantees to secure a lower borrowing interest rate limit from the bank for the Company, the credit line was terminated in April 2024.
- Note 13: Sinyi International provided a guarantee collateralized by properties for the Company, which totaled US\$49,750 thousand from Sinyi International and time deposits amounting to US\$2,950 thousand from the Company, respectively.

(Concluded)

# MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD (EXCLUDING INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES) DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

					December 3	31, 2024		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units	Carrying Value	Percentage	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note
Sinyi Realty Inc.	<u>Listed shares</u> E.SUN Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	5,032,953	\$ 135,638	-	\$ 135,638	
	Unlisted shares Han Yu Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	4,000,000	23,221	11	23,221	
	NOWnews Network Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	5,049,632	9,493	6	9,493	
	Pchome Investment Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	196,350	-	8	-	
	Cité Publishing Holding Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	7,637	-	1	-	
	Cité Information Services Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	106,392	-	1	-	
	B Current Impact Investment Fund 3	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,000,000	11,925	10	11,925	
	Boreal Carbon Forestry I Pte. Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,500	38,352	15	38,352	
	Limited partnership B Current Impact Investment Fund 5 LP	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	6,071	-	6,071	
Sinyi Limited	<u>Listed shares</u> Orix Corp.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	561,300	401,536	-	401,536	
Shanghai Sinyi Real Estate Inc.	Unlisted shares Cura Investment Management (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	34,500,000	32,289	2	32,289	
	Taicang Yalong Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	150,000	-	-	-	

(Continued)

					December 3	1, 2024		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership (%)		Note
Sinyi International Limited	Bonds HSBC Holdings Plc (HSBC) - US dollar bonds	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	60,000	\$ 200,982	-	\$ 200,982	Pledged 40,000 units to financial institutions as
	Morgan Stanley (MS) - US dollar bonds	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	60,000	201,085	-	201,085	collateral for borrowings Pledged 40,000 units to financial institutions as collateral for borrowings
	Bank of America Corporation (BAC) - US dollar bonds	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	60,000	203,073	-	203,073	Pledged 40,000 units to financial institutions as collateral for borrowings
	UBS Group AG (UBS) - US dollar bonds	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	60,000	203,306	-	203,306	Pledged 60,000 units to financial institutions as collateral for borrowings

(Concluded)

# MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED OR DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

	Types and Names of	Financial Statement		Nature of	Beginning	g Balance	Acqui	isition		Disp	osal		Ending	Balance
Company Name	Shares	Account	Counterparty	Relationship	Shares/Units	Amount	Shares/Units	Amount	Shares/Units	Selling Price	Book Value	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Shares	Amount
Cinni Daalta Ina	I Indiated above													
Sinyi Realty Inc.	<u>Unlisted shares</u>	T		G 1 '1'	<b>62</b> 000 000	ф 427.025	150 004 000	ф. 1.114.051		ф	ф	ф	220 004 000	ф. 1.5.40.17.c
		Investments accounted for	-	Subsidiary	62,000,000	\$ 427,925	158,804,000	\$ 1,114,251	-	\$ -	\$ -	-	220,804,000	\$ 1,542,176
	Development SDN. BHD.	using equity method				(Note)								(Note)
	Chengjing Enterprise Co.,	Investments accounted for	-	Subsidiary	50,000	500	53,000,000	530,000	-	-	-	-	53,050,000	530,500
	Ltd.	using equity method				(Note)								(Note)

Note: Amounts are recorded at the original investment cost.

# ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE AT COSTS OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Buyer	Property	Event Date	Transaction	Payment Status	Counterparty	Relationship	Information on Previou	ıs Title Transfer	If Counterparty Is A	Related Party	Pricing Reference	Purpose of	Other Terms
Duyei	Troperty	Event Date	Amount	1 ayılıcılı Status	Counter party	Kelationship	Property Owner	Relationship	Transaction Date	Amount	1 Hellig Kelerence	Acquisition	Other Terms
Zhancheng Tourism Development Sdn. Bhd.	Right-of-use - land	2022.12.21	\$ 314,370 (MYR 45,093 thousand)	Paid 100% of total price	Treasure Sage Sabah SDN. BHD. (Malaysia)	Related party in substance	Amylia Edmund, WEE GIOK SHUN, WEE WUI NEE,WONG SIEW GUEN, LPL 118 CORPORATION SDN. BHD.	-	2018/12/31 2019/3/21 2019/4/29 2019/6/18 2019/12/31 2020/12/30	MYR 42,660 thousand	Refer to market trend and estimate report.	The investment of real estate for the tourism industry.	-
	Hotel under construction	2024.05.17	4,896,614 (Note)	Paid 6% of total price	Unrelated corporate	-	- -	-	-	-	According to the contract terms.	The construction costs for the tourism industry.	-
Chengjing Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Land	2024.07.15	460,000	Paid 100% of total price	Unrelated individual	-	-	-	-	-	Refer to market trend and estimate report.		-

Note: Zhancheng entered construction contracts with suppliers approximately MYR693,323 thousand.

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				Investmer		Balance	as of December	31, 2024	Net Income	Investment	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	<b>Ending Balance</b>	Beginning Balance	Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Carrying Value	(Loss) of the Investee	Income (Loss) Recognized	Note
Sinyi Realty Inc.	Samoa Sinyi International Limited	Equity Trust Chamber, P.O. Box 3269, Apia, Samoa	Investment holding	\$ 8,054,165	\$ 10,041,794	271,648,785	100	\$ 10,788,022	\$ 242,190	\$ 242,190	
Shiyi Keany Inc.	Sinyi Limited	4th Floor, Ellen Skelton Building, 3076 Sir Francis Drake Highway, Road Town, Tortola VG1110, B, V, I.	Investment holding	1,905,584	1,905,584	57,277,000	100	167,725	3,422	3,422	
	Sinyi Development Inc.	No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Development, construction, rental and sale of residential building and factories	2,035,000	2,035,000	203,500,000	100	1,807,384	(56,858)	(110,689)	Note 2
	Sinyi Global Asset Management Co., Ltd.	No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Real estate brokerage	29,180	29,180	5,000,000	100	125,983	40,953	40,953	
		No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Information software, data processing and electronic information providing service	28,000	28,000	1,200,000	80	6,598	13	10	
	Jui-Inn Consultants Co., Ltd.	No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Management consulting	5,000	5,000	500,000	100	713	(33)	(33)	
		No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Publication	4,960	4,960	-	99	1,403	(291)	(288)	
		No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Real estate management	25,500	25,500	7,650,000	51	142,182	45,257	23,081	
		No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Information software, data processing and electronic information providing service	233,000	233,000	1,500,000	100	4,825	1,952	1,952	
		No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Investment holding	530,500	500	53,050,000	100	530,418	(48)	(48)	
	Sin Chiun Holding Sdn. Bhd.	Suite 9-13A, Level 9, Wisma Uoa II, Jalan Pinang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Investment holding	1,842,325	1,842,325	250,537,766	100	1,570,878	(39,368)	(39,368)	
	Sinju Holding Sdn. Bhd.	Unit 20-1, Level 20, Menara Prestige, No.1, Jalan Pinang, 50450  Kuala Lumpur W.P. Kuala Lumpur, Malaysian	Investment holding	57,158	57,158	8,200,000	100	35,272	(220)	(220)	
	Sinyi Morefun Tourism Development Ltd.	Coastal Building, Wickham's Cay II, P. O. Box 2221, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands.	Investment holding	130,679	130,679	14,390	100	30,725	(3,071)	(3,071)	
	Jin Mei Travel Service Co., Ltd. Sinkang Administration Sdn. Bhd.	9F2, No.50, Linsen N. Rd., Zhongshan Dist., Taipei City, Taiwan Unit 20-1, Level 20, Menara Prestige, No.1, Jalan Pinang, 50450	Tourism Tourism	19,310 85,928	8,310 59,599	16,000,000	100 100	17,644 41,969	1,367 (17,943)	1,367 (17,943)	
	Zhansin Tourism Development Sdn. Bhd.	Kuala Lumpur W.P. Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Lot No.6-2, 2ND Floor, Block a Bundusan Commercial, Centre 88450 Kota Kinabalu Sabah, Malaysia	Tourism	7,112	3,400	1,000,000	100	5,279	(1,765)	(1,765)	
	Zhancheng Tourism Development Sdn. Bhd.	Lot No.6-2, 2ND Floor, Block a Bundusan Commercial, Centre 88300 Kota Kinabalu Sabah, Malaysia	Tourism	1,542,176	427,925	220,804,000	100	1,596,520	(19,764)	(19,764)	
	Sinyi Interior Design Co., Ltd.	No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Interior design	950	950	95,000	19	18,692	4,432	842	
	Rakuya International Info. Co., Ltd.	12F. No. 105, Dunhua S. Rd., Sec. 2, Daan District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Information software wholesale and retail	19,076	19,076	2,580,745	23	60,103	68,424	15,402	
	Leju Technology Co., Ltd	1F., No. 25, Jinhua St., Zhongzheng Dist., Taipei City.	Advertising services	108,913	-	1,706,403	20	114,055	48,674		Note (
	GUDO Co., Ltd	6th Floor, No. 65, Songjiang Road, Zhongshan District, Taipei City.	Building cleaning services	35,000	-	8,333,335	24	35,252	1,051	252	Note 3
	Taiwan Innovation Centre Ageing Ltd	No. 7, Lane 141, Section 2, Jinshan South Road, Da'an District, Taipei City.	Consulting services	5,000	-	500,000	18	4,680	(1,791)	(320)	Note 3
Sinyi International Limited	Forever Success International Ltd.	3rd Floor, Standard Chartered Tower, 19 Cybercity, Ebene, Mauritius.	Investment holding	68,741	68,741	2,216,239	100	199,840	(6,655)	(6,655)	
	Sinyi Realty Inc. Japan	2nd Floor, Shoritsu Building 2-7-1 Yoyogi Shibuya-ku, Tokyo, Japar	Real estate brokerage, management and identification	58,064	58,064	16,000	100	524,035	142,726	142,726	
	Sinyi Development Ltd.	TMF Chambers, P.O. Box 3269, Apia Samoa	Investment holding	423,766	967,766	14,506,209	100	191,664	131,789	131,789	
	Sinyi Estate Ltd.	TMF Chambers, P.O. Box 3269, Apia Samoa	Investment holding	4,517,746	4,517,746	148,510,749	100	3,962,116	(234,843)	(234,843)	
Sinyi Limited	Inane International Limited	4th Floor, Ellen Skelton Building, 3076 Sir Francis Drake Highway, Road Town, Tortola VG1110, B. V. I.	Investment holding	1,647,792	1,647,792	51,935,839	100	(278,383)	(8,073)	(8,073)	
	Ke Wei Hk Realty Limited	Rooms 2103, Futura Plaza, 111 How Ming Street, Kwun Tong, HK	Investment holding	95,129	95,129	2,675,000	99	(579)	(102)	(101)	
n-Sin Real Estate Management Ltd.	An-Shin Real Estate Management Ltd.	No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Real estate management	100,000	100,000	10,000,000	100	134,892	23,197	23,197	
Sinyi Realty Inc. Japan	Sinyi Asset Management Co., Ltd.	2nd Floor, Shoritsu Building 2-7-1 Yoyogi Shibuya-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Real estate brokerage, management and identification	10,746	10,746	600	100	91,247	21,215	21,215	
	Tokyo Sinyi Real Estate Co., Ltd.	3rd Floor, No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Real estate brokerage	-	5,000	-	-	-	75	75	Note 4
inyi Development Ltd.	Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited	Room 802, 8 Floor, Millennium City 2, 378 Kwun Tong Road, Kwur Tong, Hong Kong	Investment holding	364,457	908,457	12,640,200	100	213,217	131,686	131,686	

(Continued)

·				Investmen	t Amount	Balance	as of December	31, 2024	Net Income	Investment	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	<b>Ending Balance</b>	Beginning Balance	Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Carrying Value	(Loss) of the Investee	Income (Loss) Recognized	Note
Sinyi Estate Ltd.	Sinyi Estate (Hong Kong) Limited	Unit 2103, Futura Plaza, 111 How Ming Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong	Investment holding	\$ 4,508,824	\$ 4,508,824	147,010,749	100	\$ 3,943,814	\$ (234,254)	\$ (234,254)	
Sinyi Development Inc.	Da-Chia Construction Co., Ltd.	No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Development, construction, rental and sale of residential building and factories	800	800	80,000	100	263	(33)	(33)	
	Sinyi Real Estate Co., Ltd.	No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Development, construction, rental and sale of residential building and factories	800	800	80,000	100	185	(33)	(33)	
Sin Chiun Holding Sdn. Bhd.	Fidelity Property Consultant Sdn. Bhd.	Suite 9-13a, Level 9, Wisma Uoa Ii, Jalan Pinang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Management and identification	41,492	39,987	5,639,949	49	1,857	(4,616)	(2,262)	
	Pegusus Holding Sdn. Bhd.	Suite 9-13a, Level 9, Wisma Uoa Ii, Jalan Pinang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Investment holding	43,727	42,160	5,945,100	100	1,983	(2,383)	(2,383)	
Pegusus Holding Sdn. Bhd.	Fidelity Property Consultant Sdn. Bhd.	Suite 9-13a, Level 9, Wisma Uoa Ii, Jalan Pinang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Management and identification	43,086	41,619	5,857,151	51	1,933	(4,616)	(2,354)	
Yowoo Technology Inc.	Heng-Yi Intelligent Technology Inc.	No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Information software, data processing and electronic information providing service	7,000	7,000	300,000	20	1,650	13	3	
	Lin Yue Traffic Inc.	No. 100, Sinyi Rd., Sec. 5, Sinyi District, Taipei City, Taiwan	Manpower dispatch and merchandise delivery	-	20,500	-	-	-	(45)	(45)	Note 5
Sinju Holding Sdn. Bhd.	Sinhong International Sdn. Bhd.	Unit 20-1, Level 20, Menara Prestige, No.1, Jalan Pinang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur W.P. Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Investment holding	-	-	-	-	-	143	143	Note 1
Sinyi Morefun Tourism Development Ltd.	Sinyi Elite Limited	Coastal Building, Wickham'S Cay Ii, P. O. Box 2221, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands.	Investment holding	92	92	3,000	100	98	87	87	
Sinyi Elite Limited	Zhanyi Tourism Development Sdn. Bhd.	Lot No. 62, 2nd Floor, Block A Bundusan Commercial Centre 88300 Kota Kinabalu Sabah Malaysia	Tourism	-	-	-	-	-	81	81	Note 4
Chengjing Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Peikuan Resort Leisure Farm	No. 203-1, Gengxin Road, Toucheng Township, Yilan County.	Tourism	93,690	-	5,100,000	100	92,897	(261)	(793)	Notes 2

Note 1: The Group established the subsidiaries in 2020; as of December 31, 2024, the capital injection had not been completed.

Note 2: The investment income or loss recognized by the investment company includes the recognition of upstream and downstream transactions and the amortization of the difference between the cost of investment and the net value of the equity in the investment.

Note 3: The Group established the subsidiary in 2024.

Note 4: The Corporation has completed the cancellation in the third quarter of 2024.

Note 5: The Corporation was disposed in the third quarter of 2024. Refer to the consolidated financial report Note 30 for details.

Note 6: The Group invested in the securities in 2022, which has significant influence by participating a capital increase in 2024. Therefore, the financial assets measured at FVTOCI were reclassified as using equity method investments. Refer to Note 8 for details.

(Concluded)

# INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				Accumulated	Inves	tmen	t Flows	Accumulated				Carrying Value	Accumulated
Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products		mount of Capital Investment Type	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2024	Outflow		Inflow	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2024	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Income (Loss) Recognized		Inward Remittance of Earnings as of December 31, 2024
YiShan Shanghai Real Estate Management Consulting Inc. (Note 8)	Real estate brokerage and management consulting	RMB	<ul> <li>Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Ke Wei HK Realty Limited and Shanghai Sinyi Real Estate Inc.</li> </ul>	\$ 81,859	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 81,859	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Shanghai Sinyi Real Estate Inc. (Note 2)	Real estate brokerage	RMB	293,632 Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Inane International Limited	1,294,418		-	-	1,294,418	(19,195)	100	(19,195)	(275,743)	-
Beijing Sinyi Real Estate Ltd. (Note 9)	Real estate brokerage	RMB	<ul> <li>Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Inane International Limited and Shanghai Sinyi Real Estate Inc.</li> </ul>	149,955		-	-	149,955	(4,777)	100	(4,777)	-	-
Shanghai Zhi Xin allograph Ltd.	Real estate brokerage and management consulting	RMB	11,968 Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Inane International Limited	17,095		-	-	17,095	20,428	100	20,428	(2,573)	-
Suzhou Sinyi Real Estate Inc. (Note 2)	Real estate brokerage and management consulting	RMB	68,000 Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Shanghai Sinyi Real Estate Inc.	22,414		-	-	22,414	6,892	100	6,892	(93,051)	-
Cura Investment Management (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (Note 3)	Real estate fund investment management	RMB 1	1,636,300 Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Shanghai Sinyi Real Estate Inc.	-		-	-	-	(Note 7)	-	(Note 7)	-	-
Zhejiang Sinyi Real Estate Co., Ltd. (Note 8)	Real estate brokerage and management consulting	RMB	<ul> <li>Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Shanghai Sinyi Real Estate Inc.</li> </ul>	43,766		-	-	43,766	-	-	-	-	-
Shanghai Shang Tuo Investment Management Consulting Inc.	Real estate brokerage and management consulting	RMB	5,961 Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Forever Success International Ltd.	27,432		-	-	27,432	2,803	100	2,803	52,800	-
Chengdu Sinyi Real Estate Co., Ltd. (Note 4)	Real estate brokerage and management consulting	RMB	<ul> <li>Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Inane International Limited</li> </ul>	62,005		-	-	62,005	-	-	-	-	-
Qingdao Chengjian & Sinyi Real Estate Co., Ltd. (Note 5)	Real estate brokerage and management consulting	RMB	<ul> <li>Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Inane International Limited</li> </ul>	37,295		-	-	37,295	-	-	-	-	-
Sinyi Real Estate (Shanghai) Limited	Development of commercial and residential building and auxiliary facilities; and construction, rental, sale and property management	US\$	12,000 Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Sinyi Real Estate (Hong Kong) Limited	3,503,468		-	1,987,629	1,515,839	130,461	100	130,461	215,958	1,218,297
Hua Yun Renovation (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Professional construction, building decoration construction, hard ware, building materials wholesale	RMB	8,000 Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Forever Success International Ltd.	40,465		-	-	40,465	(9,164)	100	(9,164)	167,683	-
Kunshan Dingxian Trading Co., Ltd.	Construction materials, furniture, sanitary ware and ceramic products wholesale	RMB	6,000 Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Sinyi Development Ltd.	31,020		-	-	31,020	217	100	217	(11,950)	-

(Continued)

				Accumulated	Investme	ent Flows	Accumulated				Carrying Value	Accumulated
Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Am Paid-in C	Invoctment Type	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2024	Outflow Inflow		Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 202	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Income (Loss) Recognized	. 0	Inward Remittance of Earnings as of December 31, 2024
Shanghai Chang Yuan Co., Ltd.	Property, business and management consulting	RMB	2,200 Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Shanghai Shang Tuo Investment Management Consulting Inc.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ 2,677	100	\$ 2,677	\$ 12,508	\$ -
Jiu Xin Estate (Wuxi) Limited	Real estate development	US\$	147,000 Investment in company located in mainland China indirectly through Sinyi Estate (Hong Kong) Limited	3,900,696	-	-	3,900,696	(234,965)	100	(234,965)	3,906,102	-
Suzhou ZHI XIN Real Estate Co., Ltd.	Real estate brokerage and management consulting	RMB	3,000 Investment in company located in Mainland China indirectly through Shanghai ZHI XIN Allograph Ltd.	-	-	-		(3,161)	100	(3,161)	(5,803)	-
Lunheng Business Management (Shanghai) Ltd.	Business management consulting, financial advisory and marketing strategy	RMB	Investment in company located in Mainland China indirectly through Hua Yun Renovation (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	-	-	-		(2,016)	100	(2,016)	113,560	-
Sinyi Real Estate (Wuxi) Limited (Note 4)	Development of commercial and residential building; property management, real estate brokerage, decoration construction and equipment leasing.	RMB	Investment in company located in Mainland China indirectly through Hua Yun Renovation (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	-	-	-		1,309	100	1,309	753	-
Taicang Yalong Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Business management consulting, interior decoration and marketing strategy	RMB	1,000 Investment in company located in Mainland China indirectly through Shanghai Sinyi Real Estate Inc.	-	-	-		(Note 7)	-	(Note 7)	-	-

Accumulated Outflow for Investment in	Investment Amounts Authorized by	Upper Limit on Investment
Mainland China as of December 31, 2024	Investment Commission, MOEA	(Note 6)
\$7,224,259	\$19,154,168	\$-

- Note 1: The carrying value was converted into New Taiwan dollars at the exchange rates of US\$1=NT\$32.79 and US\$1=RMB7.32 on December 31, 2024.
- Note 2: Some of the investments were made indirectly through earnings of the Company's subsidiary in China.
- Note 3: Investments were made indirectly through the earnings of the Company's subsidiary in China.
- Note 4: The Corporation has completed the cancellation in the second quarter of 2019.
- Note 5: The Corporation has completed the cancellation in the second quarter of 2017.
- Note 6: The Company has acquired the certification of operation headquarters issued by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, ROC.
- Note 7: Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI, measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income.
- Note 8: The Corporation has completed the cancellation in the third quarter of 2023.
- Note 9: The Corporation has completed the cancellation in the second quarter of 2024.

(Concluded)

## INFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Shares				
Name of Major Shareholder	Number of	Percentage of			
	Shares	Ownership (%)			
Sinyi Co., Ltd.	210,238,285	28.53			
Yu Hao Co., Ltd.	208,937,108	28.35			
Sinyi Employee Stock Ownership Trust Account which opened with CITIC					
Bank	38,213,241	5.18			

- Note 1: The information of major shareholders presented in this table is provided by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation based on the number of ordinary shares and preferred shares held by shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater, that have been issued without physical registration (including treasury shares) by the Company as of the last business day for the current quarter. The share capital in the consolidated financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares that have been issued without physical registration because of different preparation basis.
- Note 2: If the above-mentioned information is that the shareholders hand over the shares to the trust, it will be disclosed separately by the trustee who opened the trust account by client. For information on insider equity declarations by shareholders who hold more than 10% of the ownership in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, their shareholdings include the shares held by themselves plus the shares they hand over to the trust and have the right to exercise decision-making power over the trust property, etc., please refer to the Public Information Observatory.

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## **STATEMENT 1**

## SINYI REALTY INC.

# STATEMENT OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Item	<b>Item Description</b>							
Cash on hand Cash in bank		\$ 15,670						
Demand deposits	Including US\$10,546 thousand @32.785, RMB39 thousand @4.478, MYR10,503 thousand @7.338 JPY132,353 thousand @0.2099	1,004,831						
Checking accounts		1,939						
Cash equivalents Time deposits	Including US\$15,000 thousand @32.785	541,775						
		<u>\$ 1,564,215</u>						

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Financial Instrument	Shares	Face Value Per Share (\$)	Transaction Costs	Accumulated Impairment Loss	Fair Value Dollar Per Share	Total Fair Value Amount	Note
Listed shares							
E.SUN Financial Holding	5 022 052	10	¢ 25.606	ф	26.05	e 125.620	
Co., Ltd.	5,032,953	10	\$ 35,606	\$ -	26.95	\$ 135,638	
Unlisted shares							
Han Yu Venture Capital	4 000 000	10	40.000		5.01	22 221	
Co., Ltd.	4,000,000	10	40,000	-	5.81	23,221	
Pchome Investment Co.,	106.250	10	1.064				
Ltd.	196,350	10	1,964	-	-	-	
Cite' Publishing Holding	7.627		4.07.4				
Ltd.	7,637	1	4,874	-	-	-	
Cité Information Services	106 202	10	2.011				
Co., Ltd.	106,392	10	2,011	-	-	-	
NOWnews Network Co.,	5.040.622	10	<b>72.2</b> 00		1.00	0.402	
Ltd.	5,049,632	10	72,200	-	1.88	9,493	
B Current Impact	1 000 000	10	10.000		11.00	11.005	
Investment Fund 3	1,000,000	10	10,000	-	11.92	11,925	
Boreal Carbon Forestry I	1.500	10	20.252		25.560	20.252	
Pte. Ltd.	1,500	10	38,352	-	25,568	38,352	
Limited partnership							
B Current Impact			7.500			6.071	
Investment Fund 5 LP	-	-	7,500	-		6,071	
			\$ 212,507			\$ 224,700	

## STATEMENT OF NOTES AND TRADE RECEIVABLES, NET DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Client Name	Description	Amount
Notes receivable From operating activities Client A Client B Client C Others (Note 1)		\$ 31,911 13,749 12,996 4,079
Trade receivables Others (Note 1) Less: Allowance for impairment loss		\$ 62,735 \$ 940,448 (726) \$ 939,722

Note 1: The amount due from individual client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

Note 2: The total amount of accounts outstanding over a year is \$13,062 thousand.

## STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

								Ending Balance		Net	t Value
	Beginniı	ng Balance	Inc	rease	Dec	crease		Percentage of		Amount/	Total Carrying
Company Name	Shares/Units	Carrying Value	Shares/Units	Carrying Value	Shares/Units	Carrying Value	Shares/Units	Ownership (%)	Carrying Value	Per Share	Amount
Sinyi International Limited (Note 1)	333,248,785	\$ 11,988,676	-	\$ 786,975	61,600,000	\$ (1,987,629)	271,648,785	100.00	\$ 10,788,022	39.71	\$ 10,788,022
Sinyi Limited (Note 2)	57,277,000	87,500	-	80,225	-	-	57,277,000	100.00	167,725	2.93	167,725
Sinyi Development Inc. (Note 3)	203,500,000	1,918,073	-	-	-	(110,689)	203,500,000	100.00	1,807,384	8.88	1,807,384
Sinyi Global Asset Management Co., Ltd (Note 4)	5,000,000	97,247	-	40,986	-	(12,250)	5,000,000	100.00	125,983	25.20	125,983
Heng-Yi Intelligent Technology Inc. (Note 5)	1,200,000	6,588	-	10	-	-	1,200,000	80.00	6,598	5.50	6,598
Jui-Inn Consultants Co., Ltd. (Note 6)	50,000	746	-	-	-	(33)	50,000	100.00	713	14.26	713
Sinyi Culture Publishing Inc. (Note 7)	-	1,691	-	-	-	(288)	-	99.20	1,403	-	1,403
An-Sin Real Estate Management Ltd. (Note 8)	7,650,000	129,087	-	23,606	-	(10,511)	7,650,000	51.00	142,182	18.59	142,182
Yowoo Technology Inc. (Note 9)	1,500,000	2,873	-	1,952	-	-	1,500,000	100.00	4,825	3.22	4,825
Chengjing Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Note 10)	50,000	466	53,000,000	530,000	-	(48)	53,050,000	100.00	530,418	10.00	530,418
Sin Chiun Holding Sdn. Bhd. (Note 11)	250,537,766	1,467,966	-	142,280	-	(39,368)	250,537,766	100.00	1,570,878	6.27	1,570,878
Sinju Holding Sdn. Bhd. (Note 12)	8,200,000	32,331	-	3,161	-	(220)	8,200,000	100.00	35,272	4.30	35,272
Sinyi Morefun Tourism Development Ltd. (Note 13)	14,390	31,715	-	2,081	-	(3,071)	14,390	100.00	30,725	2,135.16	30,725
Jin Mei Travel Service Co., Ltd. (Note 14)	-	5,277	-	12,367	-	-	-	100.00	17,644	-	17,644
Sinkang Administration Sdn. Bhd. (Note 15)	12,000,000	28,536	4,000,000	31,376	-	(17,943)	16,000,000	100.00	41,969	2.62	41,969
Zhansin Tourism Development Sdn. Bhd. (Note 16)	500,000	3,143	500,000	3,901	-	(1,765)	1,000,000	100.00	5,279	5.28	5,279
Zhancheng Tourism Development Sdn. Bhd. (Note 17)	62,000,000	411,518	158,804,000	1,204,766	-	(19,764)	220,804,000	100.00	1,596,520	7.23	1,596,520
Sinyi Interior Design Co., Ltd. (Note 18)	95,000	17,636	-	1,328	-	(272)	95,000	19.00	18,692	196.76	18,692
Rakuya International Info. Co., Ltd. (Note 19)	2,580,745	60,052	-	15,402	-	(15,351)	2,580,745	22.51	60,103	23.29	60,103
Leju Technology Co., Ltd (Note 20)	-	-	1,706,403	114,055	-	-	1,706,403	20.18	114,055	66.84	114,055
GUDO Co., Ltd (Note 21)	-	-	8,333,335	35,252	-	-	8,333,335	23.84	35,252	4.23	35,252
Taiwan Innovation Centre Ageing Ltd (Note 22)	-		500,000	5,000	-	(320)	500,000	17.86	4,680	9.36	4,680
		<u>\$ 16,291,121</u>		<u>\$ 3,034,723</u>		<u>\$ (2,219,522)</u>			\$ 17,106,322		\$ 17,106,322

- Note 1: The increase in the current period is due to the share of the profit of subsidiaries NT\$242,190 thousand, and unrealized gain form financial assets NT\$248 thousand, and the exchange differences from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations NT\$544,537 thousand; the decrease in the current period is due to the return from capital reduction of 61,600,000 shares amounted to NT\$1,987,629 thousand.
- Note 2: The increase in the current period is due to the share of the profit from investments NT\$3,422 thousand, and the exchange differences from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations NT\$20,652 thousand.
- Note 3: The decrease in the current period is due to the share of the loss from investments NT\$110,689 thousand.
- Note 4: The increase in the current period is due to the share of the profit from investments NT\$40,953 thousand and the after-tax net amount of remeasurement on defined benefit plans NT\$33 thousand; the decrease in the current period is due to cash dividends paid by investee companies NT\$12,250 thousand.
- Note 5: The increase in the current period is due to the share of the profit from investments NT\$10 thousand.
- Note 6: The decrease in the current period is due to the share of the loss from investments NT\$33 thousand.
- Note 7: The decrease in the current period is due to the share of the loss from investments NT\$288 thousand.
- Note 8: The increase in the current period is due to the share of the profit from investments NT\$23,081 thousand and the after-tax net amount of remeasurement on defined benefit plans NT\$525 thousand; the decrease in the current period is due to cash dividends paid by investee companies NT\$10,511 thousand.
- Note 9: The increase in the current period is due to the share of the profit from investments NT\$1,952 thousand.
- Note 10: The increase in the current period is due to additional investments NT\$530,000 thousand, 53,000,000 shares; the decrease in the current period is due to the share of the loss from investments NT\$48 thousand.
- Note 11: The increase in the current period is due to the exchange differences from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations NT\$142,280 thousand; the decrease in the current period is due to the share of the loss from investments NT\$39,368 thousand.

(Continued)

- Note 12: The increase in the current period is due to the exchange differences from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations NT\$3,161 thousand; the decrease in the current period is due to the share of the loss from investments NT\$220 thousand.
- Note 13: The increase in the current period is due to the exchange differences from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations NT\$2,081 thousand; the decrease in the current period is due to the share of the loss from investments NT\$3,071 thousand.
- Note 14: The increase in the current period is due to additional investments NT\$11,000 thousand and the share of the profit from investments NT\$1,367 thousand.
- Note 15: The increase in the current period is due to additional investments NT\$26,329 thousand, 4,000,000 shares, and the exchange differences from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations NT\$5,047 thousand; the decrease in the current period is due to the share of the loss from investments NT\$17,943 thousand.
- Note 16: The increase in the current period is due to additional investments NT\$3,712 thousand, 500,000 shares, and the exchange differences from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations NT\$189 thousand; the decrease in the current period is due to the share of the loss from investments NT\$1,765 thousand.
- Note 17: The increase in the current period is due to additional investments NT\$1,114,251 thousand, 158,804,000 shares, and the exchange differences from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations NT\$90,515 thousand; the decrease in the current period is due to the share of the loss from investments NT\$19,764 thousand.
- Note 18: The increase in the current period is due to the share of the profit from investments NT\$842 thousand and an unrealized gain from financial assets NT\$486 thousand; the decrease in the current period is due to cash dividends paid by investee companies NT\$272 thousand.
- Note 19: The increase in the current period is due to the share of the profit from investments NT\$15,402 thousand; the decrease in the current period is due to cash dividends paid by investee companies NT\$15,351 thousand.
- Note 20: The increase in the current period is due to cash subscription NT\$49,986 thousand, 364,863 shares, reclassification of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income NT\$58,927 thousand, 364,964 shares to investments accounted for using the equity method, acquisition of stock dividends of 976,576 shares, and the share of the profit from investments NT\$5,142 thousand.
- Note 21: The increase in the current period is due to additional investments NT\$35,000 thousand, 8,333,335 shares, and the share of the profit from investments NT\$252 thousand.
- Note 22: The increase in the current period is due to additional investments NT\$5,000 thousand, 500,000 shares; the decrease in the current period is due to the share of the loss from investments NT\$320 thousand.

(Concluded)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Balance at January 1, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Reclassifications	Balance at December 31, 2024	Remark
Buildings Other equipment	\$ 3,764,319 20,569	\$ 636,409 5,523	\$ (494,635) (3,685)	\$ (2,240)	\$ 3,903,853 22,407	
	<u>\$ 3,784,888</u>	<u>\$ 641,932</u>	<u>\$ (498,320)</u>	<u>\$ (2,240)</u>	\$ 3,926,260	

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION OF RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Item	Balance at January 1, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Balance at December 31, 2024	Remark
Buildings Other equipment	\$ 958,158 5,768	\$ 452,163 5,712	\$ (459,417) (1,708)	\$ 950,904 <u>9,772</u>	
	<u>\$ 963,926</u>	<u>\$ 457,875</u>	<u>\$ (461,125</u> )	<u>\$ 960,676</u>	

STATEMENT OF BONDS PAYABLE DECEMBER 31, 2024

					-		Amount			_	
<b>Bonds Name</b>	Trustee	<b>Issuance Date</b>	Interest Payment Date	Coupon Rate (%)	<b>Total Amount</b>	Repayment Amount	Balance, End of Year	Premium (Discount)	Carrying Value	Repayment and Interest Payment	Collateral
Sinyi Realty Inc. 1 <sup>st</sup> Unsecured Corporate Bond in 2019	Department of Trusts - E.SUN BANK	2019.11.28	November 28, annually	1.25	\$ 900,000	<u>\$</u>	\$ 900,000	<u>\$</u>	\$ 900,000	Principal is repaid at maturity. Interest is paid annually. Maturity date: 2029.11.28	None

## STATEMENT OF LONG-TERM LOANS

DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Acceptance Agency	Туре	Balance, nd of Year	Contract Period	Interest Rate (%)	Co	Loan ommitment	Mortgage or Pledged Assets
E.SUN Bank	Midterm secured borrowings	\$ 700,000	2023.10.23-2027.01.10	Fixed-interest rate 1.73%	\$	2,500,000	Sinyi International Limited and the Company's foreign time deposit
E.SUN Bank	Midterm secured borrowings	100,000	2024.06.07-2026.06.07	Floating-interest rate 1.79%		200,000	Sinyi International Limited U.S. Dollar Bonds
E.SUN Bank	Midterm secured borrowings	300,000	2023.02.09-2027.01.21	Floating-interest rate 1.94%		2,210,000	Sinyi Building, 1F to 5F and third basement floor
Bank of East Asia	Midterm secured borrowings	1,000,000	2022.09.21-2025.09.20	Floating-interest rate 1.736%		1,600,000	Sinyi building 6F to 7F and first basement floor
First Commercial Bank	Midterm credit borrowing	100,000	2024.02.07-2026.02.07	Fixed-interest rate 1.79%		100,000	None
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Midterm credit borrowing	500,000	2024.08.06-2026.08.06	Floating-interest rate 1.878%		500,000	//
DBS Bank Ltd.	Midterm credit borrowing	550,000	2024.01.18-2026.01.18	Floating-interest rate 1.90%		1,511,400	<i>"</i>
Cathay United Bank	Midterm secured borrowings	100,000	2024.02.28-2026.02.28	Fixed-interest rate 1.82%		200,000	Sinyi International Limited's U.S. Dollar Bonds
Cathay United Bank	Midterm secured borrowings	400,000	2024.02.28-2026.02.28	Fixed-interest rate 1.82%		800,000	Sinyi International Limited's foreign time deposit
Cathay United Bank	Midterm credit borrowing	400,000	2024.01.09-2026.01.09	Fixed-interest rate 1.82%		400,000	None
Taishin International Bank	Midterm secured borrowings	250,000	2023.12.31-2026.12.31	Fixed-interest rate 1.73%		1,500,000	Sinyi International Limited's foreign time deposit
Bank of Taiwan	Midterm credit borrowing	500,000	2024.04.23-2026.04.23	Fixed-interest rate 1.84%		500,000	None
Yuanta Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Midterm credit borrowing	300,000	2024.09.23-2026.09.22	Fixed-interest rate 1.88%		600,000	<i>II</i>
Land Bank of Taiwan	Midterm credit borrowing	 500,000	2024.09.13-2026.09.13	Fixed-interest rate 1.90%		500,000	$\eta$
		5,700,000				13,121,400	
Less: Discount on long-term commercial paper payable		 <u>(1,000,000</u> )				<del>_</del> _	
		\$ 4,700,000			<u>\$</u>	13,121,400	

# STATEMENT OF LEASE LIABILITIES DECEMBER 31, 2024

Item	Description	Lease Terms	Discount Rate	Ending Balance	Note
Buildings	Branch store rental	2019/1/1-2043/12/31	0.93%-2.05%	\$ 3,036,682	
Office equipment	Photocopier rental	2020/8/1-2027/12/31	1.08%-1.20%	472	
Transportation equipment	Vehicle rental	2022/7/1-2026/11/30	1.28%-1.81%	4,168	
Other equipment	Advertising wall rental	2020/9/1-2034/5/31	0.93%-2.05%	7,983	
				3,049,305	
Less: Current portion				(433,699)	
				\$ 2,615,606	

## **STATEMENT 10**

## SINYI REALTY INC.

# STATEMENT OF OPERATING REVENUE DECEMBER 31, 2024

Item	Amount
Service revenue - commission revenue Less: Commission return Commission discount	\$ 11,617,317 (168,044) (63,361)
	\$ 11,385,912

# STATEMENT OF OPERATING COST DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Amount
Salary expenses	\$ 5,676,243
Advertising expenses	639,285
Depreciation	503,650
Others (Note)	1,315,845
	<u>\$ 8,135,023</u>

Note: The amount of each item in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

## STATEMENT OF OPERATING EXPENSE DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Amount
Salary expenses Advertising expenses Others (Note)	\$ 643,598 215,668 466,119
	\$ 1,325,385

Note: The amount of each item in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

## STATEMENT OF EMPLOYEE BENEFITS, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION BY FUNCTION (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the Year Ended December 31									
		2024								
	Operating Costs	Operating Expenses	Total	Operating Costs	Operating Expenses	Total				
Employee benefits expense										
Salary and bonus	\$ 5,676,243	\$ 633,623	\$ 6,309,866	\$ 5,151,561	\$ 542,620	\$ 5,694,181				
Labor and health insurance	375,094	50,924	426,018	368,935	46,970	415,905				
Pension	187,985	26,296	214,281	174,837	23,035	197,872				
Board remuneration	-	9,975	9,975	-	10,390	10,390				
Other employee benefits	159,065	62,957	222,022	160,628	56,490	217,118				
	\$ 6,398,387	<u>\$ 783,775</u>	<u>\$ 7,182,162</u>	\$ 5,855,961	<u>\$ 679,505</u>	<u>\$ 6,535,466</u>				
Depreciation expenses	\$ 503,650	<u>\$ 61,136</u>	<u>\$ 564,786</u>	\$ 530,185	\$ 36,110	<u>\$ 566,295</u>				
Amortization expenses	<u>\$ 183</u>	\$ 21,562	<u>\$ 21,745</u>	<u>\$ 1,194</u>	<u>\$ 19,930</u>	<u>\$ 21,124</u>				

- Note 1: As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company had 4,821 and 4,938 employees, respectively. With an average of 4 non-employee directors in both years.
- Note 2: a. The average employee benefits expenses were NT\$1,489 thousand and NT\$1,322 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.
  - b. The average salary and bonus were NT\$1,310 thousand and NT\$1,154 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.
- Note 3: The average salary and bonus increased by 14%.
- Note 4: The Company has established an audit committee and has not appointed supervisors, thus there was no compensation to the supervisor.
- Note 5: a. The remuneration of the directors of the Company shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of the Company's articles of association No. 16, considering to director's involvement in company operation, contribution the performance and the industry standard among listed companies.
  - b. The compensation of the directors of the Company shall be implemented by the resolution of the board of directors in accordance with the Company's articles of association No. 20.
  - c. The Company has established a remuneration committee, by enacting and reviewing on a regular basis for the performance evaluation and remuneration policies, systems, criteria and structure of directors and managers. Also, it evaluates on a regular basis and fixing remuneration for directors and managers. Besides, it also set an incentive remuneration plans for employees.
  - d. The compensation of employees and remuneration of directors should be no less than 1% of net profit before income tax, of employees, and remuneration of directors. Refer to Note 24-8 (compensation of employees and remuneration of directors).